

CITY OF CLEMSON SOUTH CAROLINA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016



Prepared by the Office of Finance

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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OFFICES OF FINANCE AND BILLING ADMINISTRATION

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

January 16, 2017

Mayor and Governing Body City of Clemson Clemson, South Carolina

We are pleased to present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Clemson for the year ended June 30, 2016. The report provides financial information about the City's operations during the year and describes its financial position at the end of the year.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City of Clemson. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Management of the City of Clemson is responsible for establishing and maintaining a comprehensive framework of internal controls that provide for completeness and reliability regarding the information contained in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditors' Report (which is located at the front of the financial section) and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and it is suggested MD&A be read in conjunction with the letter of transmittal. The City of Clemson receives federal financial assistance subject to the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Information related to the compliance requirements, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, findings and questioned costs (if any), and the reports related to compliance and internal controls, are included in the federal financial assistance section of this report.

MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT

The City of Clemson, originally known as the Town of Calhoun, changed its name in 1943 to match that of Clemson University and was officially incorporated as Clemson in 1947. The City, located at the base of the Blue Ridge Mountains in Pickens County, has land area of approximately six square miles and an estimated population of 15,000 citizens.

The City operates under the Council form of government with the governing body composed of an elected mayor and six council members. The mayor and council members serve staggered four-year terms. An Administrator is appointed by the governing body to serve as the chief administrative officer of the City. Departments of the City provide a full range of municipal services such as police and fire protection, economic development, recreational activities, public transportation, residential and commercial waste removal, engineering and infrastructure improvements, water, stormwater, and wastewater utilities, planning, zoning, and fiscal management.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Vision Statement – "The City of Clemson is a university community that provides a village atmosphere and a high quality of life for its residents. The City consists primarily of families. University students add to its charm and vitality. It is dedicated to providing a quality living environment for its residents by ensuring a balanced mix of commercial development that serves their day-to-day needs, complements its neighborhoods, and promotes its image as a desirable, economically stable residential community. The City pledges to protect its natural resources, provide an environment that is visually attractive and safe, and actively seek cooperation with its surrounding communities to ensure the fulfillment of its vision."

The City of Clemson is a small community of 15,000 permanent citizens, but has large City concerns because nine months of the year the community is "home" to approximately 21,000 Clemson University students. The economic condition and outlook for Clemson is promising. Managed growth coupled with stability defines the character of Clemson for both the current year and future years. The City is optimistic, with the close proximity of Clemson University, that quality growth will continue through the remainder of the century. While having a positive impact on employment and the City's tax base, this growth also presents significant challenges for the City of Clemson.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

- College Avenue Infrastructure Improvements During the year the City completed \$1.7 million of water, stormwater, and wastewater collection improvements to its downtown corridor. The project was undertaken in anticipation of additional development within the City's corporate limits. Approximately half of the required funding was provided by developers, based on the impact of the development on the City's infrastructure. The remaining resources were provided by the City's governmental and utility funds.
- Old Calhoun District Streetscape Streetscape improvements to the City's Old Calhoun District began during the year. Approximately 90% of the funding for the \$1.4 million project will come from hospitality fees and taxes. The City's General Fund and Stormwater Utility Fund will provide the remaining financing. New sidewalks, lighting, landscaping, and utility improvements will greatly enhance the appearance and functionality of the Old Calhoun community. Completion of the project will occur in fiscal year 2016-17.
- Norfolk Southern Railroad Bridge Replacement This \$11.5 million South Carolina Department of Transportation project will replace the existing railroad overpass with a wider overpass without a center support. The expanded overpass will allow for lengthened vehicular turn lanes and increased mobility for emergency vehicles.
- *Water Infrastructure Improvements* On June 30, 2015, the City closed on a \$1.8 million borrowing from the South Carolina Drinking Water Revolving Fund Authority. The scope of work, completed during the fiscal year, included construction and replacement of approximately 2,600 linear feet of 12-inch, and 28,000 linear feet of 6-inch water lines. In addition, 35 fire hydrants were scheduled for installation. The associated debt will be repaid over a period of fifteen years with utility user fee revenue.
- Berkeley Drive Pedestrian Bridge The City continues to formulate plans for roadway and pedestrian improvements along Berkeley Drive. The proposed improvements include construction of a multiple-use concrete path along the East Side of Berkeley Drive and a new 140' single-span pedestrian bridge located approximately 40' east of the existing vehicular structure. The proposed \$1.9 million of improvements are intended to increase pedestrian safety and mobility along Berkeley Drive and improve connectivity throughout the community. The design phase of the project has been completed and the City will be seeking state and federal grant funding for the construction phase. Actual construction dates will depend on availability of funding.
- Stormwater Utility The City of Clemson is being required through delegation by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) to manage stormwater runoff within the corporate limits of the City. The goal of the Stormwater Utility is to eliminate pollutant and illicit discharges into the City's storm sewer system, and protect water quality in surrounding lakes and streams. Operations of the Utility will be supported through resident user fees.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the City of Clemson is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgements by management.

Compliance – As a recipient of state and federal financial assistance, the City also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to guarantee compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management of the City of Clemson.

As a part of the City's independent audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's compliance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

Budgetary Controls – The City maintains budgetary controls with the objective of ensuring compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. Activities of the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Enterprise funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The Capital Projects Funds are budgeted by project within the fund. Therefore, budget periods extend over several accounting periods. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) is established at the departmental level within an individual fund. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one method of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts are recorded as reservations of fund balances at year-end and reflected as expenditures during the subsequent fiscal year. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues meeting its responsibility for sound financial management.

Cash Management – Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in Demand Deposits, Certificates of Deposit, Repurchase Agreements, Mortgage Notes, Bank Bonds, and the South Carolina Pooled Investment Fund. The City presently acquires both short-term and long-term investments, which are expected to be held to maturity. Any significant discount or premium on the purchase of long-term investments is amortized over the term of the investment by the straight-line method. The City's investment earnings totaled \$220,403 on all investments for the year ended June 30, 2016.

The City's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Accordingly, deposits are either insured by Federal Deposit Insurance or collateralized by United States Government Securities. As of June 30, 2016, \$8,722,733 of the City's bank balance of \$11,836,769 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the City's name. The carrying amount of investments held at June 30, 2016 amounted to \$2,319,454 of Mortgage Notes and Certificates, \$3,679,453 of Bank Bonds, \$1,038,127 of South Carolina Investment Pool funds, and \$59,041 of other Federal Government Obligations. The City recognized a valuation gain on its investments of \$324,654 at June 30, 2016.

Investments of the State Investment Pool are exempt from risk categorization because third party custodians take delivery of the investment securities. The City owns no identifiable securities but is a shareholder of a percentage of the State Investment Pool and, therefore, the fair value of the investment is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Long-term Financial Planning – A Five Year Capital Improvements Program is the City's "*road map*" for investment in three key areas: people and programs, facilities, and utility infrastructure. As prescribed by Clemson's governing body, the capital improvement budgets do not rely on ad valorem taxes or other resources of the City's General Fund. As the City strives to leverage its cash reserves, a combination of debt and equity are utilized to finance capital improvements.

Risk Management – The City participates in a pooled risk management program through the Municipal Insurance and Risk Financing Fund to cover the risk of loss related to real property, its contents and other equipment, motor vehicles, and general tort claims. The City also obtains employee fidelity bond coverage for all employees for losses arising from theft or misappropriation. A limited risk management program for workers' compensation has also been initiated by the City. Various risk control techniques, including employee accident prevention training, have been implemented to minimize accident-related losses. Third-party coverage is maintained for workers' compensation claims.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit – The City charter requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Stancil Cooley Estep & Stamey, LLP has been selected by Clemson's governing body to perform the audit. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the City charter, the audit also is designed to meet the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, were used by the auditors in conducting the engagement.

The auditors' report on the basic financial statements as well as the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to compliance are included in the federal financial assistance section.

Awards – The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Clemson for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City of Clemson published an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements. Therefore, we are submitting the report to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements – The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the efficient and dedicated services of the entire City of Clemson administration and the accounting firm of Stancil Cooley Estep & Stamey. We would like to express our sincere appreciation to all of the individuals who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

In closing, we would also like to thank the mayor and members of Clemson's governing body for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard E. Cotton

Richard E. Cotton Administrator

Thomas A. Sparacino

Thomas A. Sparacino Chief Financial Officer

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Information Technology -telecommunications Lowell C. Anvood II administration -infrastructure management noddns--security ACCOMMODATIONS TAX COMMITTEE -special transit services -public transportation **Clemson Area Transit** Albert R. Babinicz CONSTRUCTION BOARD OF ADJUSTMENTS & APPEALS -horticulture activities recreation programs Stephen R. Figueroa Recreation -park facilities -buildings & grounds equipment services Walter D. Conner **Public Works** community development -grants administration Assistant Administrator **Municipal Attorney** -sanitation Mary C. McCormac David A. Blondeau -streets -special projects ORGANIZATION CHART CITY OF CLEMSON CITIZENS OF CLEMSON GOVERNING BODY mapping & survey JUNE 30, 2016 Administrator Richard E. Cotton -storm water mgt Engineering Rufus K Guthrie Jr. infrastructure engineering Engineering Services Beverly A. Coleman Municipal Court Teresa H. Daniel **Municipal Clerk** Utilities Benjamin N. McGill -infrastructure Utilities -wastewater ZONING APPEALS water BOARD OF -criminal investigation **Public Safety Police** James F. Dixon -support services -uniform patrol ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW BOARD OF Finance Administration Thomas A. Sparacino -financial reporting -debt management data processing meter reading utility billing accounting -budgets PLANNING COMMISSION Planning & Codes Admin -codes enforcement -E-911 addressing -rental housing -fire inspection Vacant -planning -zoning

VIII

CITY OF CLEMSON PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2016

GOVERNING BODY

James C. Cook III, Mayor Michael T. Fowler, Mayor Pro-Tempore Jerry O. Chapman May C. Cox John W. Ducworth III Pamela J. Hay James T. Oswald

ADMINISTRATION

Administrator - Richard E. Cotton, M.P.A. Assistant Administrator - David A. Blondeau, M.P.A. Director of Finance - Thomas A. Sparacino, M.B.A. Director of Planning & Codes Administration - Vacant Chief of Police - James F. Dixon, B.S. Director of Parks & Recreation - Stephen R. Figueroa, M.R.P.A. Director of Public Works - Walter D. Conner, B.S. Director of Utilities - Benjamin N. McGill Director of Engineering Services - Rufus K. Guthrie Jr., M.S. Municipal Judge - Teresa H. Daniel, A.P.S. Director of Information Technology - Lowell C. Arwood II, B.B.A. Director of Clemson Area Transit System - Albert R. Babinicz, M.B.A. This Page Intentionally Left Blank







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

STANCIL COOLEY ESTEP & STAMEY, LLP

> Certified Public Accountants

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To the City Council City of Clemson, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clemson, South Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the general fund budget to actual comparison, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clemson, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 12 and 72 through 81, and the pension plan schedules, as listed on pages 63 through 66, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Clemson's basic financial statements. The introductory section, victim services supplementary schedule of fines and assessments, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the budgetary comparison schedules, the capital asset schedules, and statistical section



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are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the budgetary comparison schedules, the capital asset schedules, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and victim services supplementary schedule of fines and assessments are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the budgetary comparison schedules, the capital asset schedules, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and victim services supplementary schedule of fines and assessments are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Clemson's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Clemson's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Stancil Cooley Estep & Stamey, LLP

Clemson, South Carolina January 16, 2017

CITY OF CLEMSON MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

In this section of the City of Clemson's comprehensive annual financial report, senior management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section. The discussion focuses on the City's primary government. Additional information is available in the letter of transmittal, which precedes Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Clemson exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$41,883,322 (*ending net position*). Of this amount, \$16,544,961 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet Clemson's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The City of Clemson's total net position increased by \$3,318,641 during fiscal year 2015-16. Revenues increased \$4.5 million, while expenses increased approximately \$3.4 million.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$5,195,722 or approximately 53% of total General Fund expenditures.
- In addition to the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund was reported as major governmental fund at fiscal year end. The Debt Service Fund is used to account for principal and interest payments associated with general obligation and tax increment debt. Inflows consist of ad valorem taxes, investment earnings, and transfers from the Tax Increment Fund.

Overview of Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements which provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of the government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is a City-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities* which reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Clemson include general government, public safety, streets, sanitation, economic development, and recreation. The business-type activities of the Clemson include water, stormwater, and wastewater utilities, commercial sanitation, public transportation, and the operation of a downtown parking deck.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. The funds of the City of Clemson can be divided into two categories, governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

While the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains four governmental type funds – a general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, and a debt service fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheets and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for these four governmental fund types, and budgetary comparison statements have been provided to demonstrate compliance with the individual budgets.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the governmentwide financial statements, only in more detail. The City of Clemson maintains six proprietary funds, which are enterprise funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for water operations, stormwater activities, wastewater operations, commercial sanitation services, public transportation services, and parking deck operations.

Notes to Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements, which begin immediately after the basic financial statements, provide additional information essential in acquiring an understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary and Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *Required Supplementary Information (RSI)* and certain *Other Required Information. RSI* relates to the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and *Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)* to its employees, and can be found on pages 63–66. The Victim Services supplementary schedule of fines and assessments, and Clemson Area Transit supplementary schedules, follow the section pertaining to the financial statements.

Financial Analysis of City as a Whole

At the close of fiscal year 2016, the City of Clemson's assets exceeded liabilities by \$41,883,322. The largest portion of the City's total net position (58 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (land and buildings, other improvements, and equipment). The City of Clemson uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens, and consequently, are *not* available for future spending.

The following table provides a summary comparison of the City's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015. Additional current year information concerning net position can be found in the Statement of Net Position presented on page 13.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	otal
	2015-16	2014-15	2015-16	2014-15	2015-16	2014-15
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 14,401,760 14,845,359	\$ 13,156,232 16,132,856	\$ 12,738,594 25,245,779	\$ 10,502,091 23,080,485	\$27,140,354 40,091,138	\$ 23,658,323 39,213,341
Total Assets	\$ 29,247,119	\$ 29,289,088	\$ 37,984,373	\$ 33,582,576	\$ 67,231,492	\$ 62,871,664
Deferred Outflows	\$ 844,590	\$ 685,976	\$ 518,217	\$ 420,437	\$ 1,362,807	\$ 1,106,413
Long-term Liabilities Other Liabilities	\$ 8,643,360 4,254,017	\$ 9,190,915 4,452,860	\$ 11,380,745 2,414,425	\$ 8,989,119 1,717,946	\$20,024,105 6,668,442	\$ 18,180,034 6,170,806
Total Liabilities	\$ 12,897,377	\$ 13,643,775	\$ 13,795,170	\$ 10,707,065	\$ 26,692,547	\$ 24,350,840
Deferred Inflows	\$ 11,446	\$ 658,785	\$ 6,984	\$ 403,771	\$ 18,430	\$ 1,062,556
Net Position Investment Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt)	\$ 13,129,718	\$ 13,639,628	\$ 11,223,961	\$ 18,187,149	\$ 24,353,679	\$ 31,826,777
Restricted	8,695	103,122	975,987	1,431,454	984,682	1,534,576
Unrestricted	4,044,473	1,929,754	12,500,488	3,273,574	16,544,961	5,203,328
Total Net Position	\$ 17,182,886	\$ 15,672,504	\$ 24,700,436	\$ 22,892,177	\$ 41,883,322	\$ 38,564,681

Summary of Net Position

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Clemson is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

During the current year, the City of Clemson's governmental net position increased approximately 10% or \$1,510,382. Also, governmental activities transferred \$767,205 to business-type activities. Prior to the transfers, governmental activities realized an increase in net position of \$2,277,587. Other areas of significant change are as follows:

- Total revenues increased approximately 14% which resulted in a revenue increase of \$1.8 million. Various revenue items contributed to the increase in governmental resources.
- Net program revenues increased \$750,000 as a result of increases of approximately \$1.2 million and \$30,000 respectively in charges for services and operating grants and contributions. Charges for services increased 24% to \$6.1 million as a result of increases in licenses and permits and narcotics forfeitures. Public safety was awarded a \$30,000 operating grant to improve emergency telephone system functions. Capital contributions decreased approximately \$480,000 as a result of reductions in developer improvements to roads, sidewalks, and drainage systems within the corporate limits of the City.
- The City realized a net gain of \$1.1 million in general revenues due in part to increases of approximately \$200,000 in both ad valorem and sales and use taxes. *Net* intergovernmental revenues increased \$175,000 primarily because of funds received from the South Carolina Department of Transportation in the form of highway improvement revenue.
- Approximately 98% of the \$480,000 increase in other revenues was associated with deferred non-utility impact fees of \$260,000 and law enforcement confiscated funds of \$210,000.

The following table provides a summary comparison of the City's revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015. Additional current year information concerning changes in net position can be found in the Statement of Activities presented on pages 14 & 15.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	tal
	2015-16	2014-15	2015-16	2014-15	2015-16	2014-15
REVENUES						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 6,153,963	\$ 4,957,912	\$ 7,443,782	\$ 6,380,512	\$ 13,597,745	\$ 11,338,424
Operating Grants						
and Contributions	241,447	212,044	3,337,491	3,370,683	3,578,938	3,582,727
Capital Grants					57 K	10 SS
and Contributions	7,000	483,950	1,775.839	188,258	1,782,839	672,208
General Revenues						
Ad Valorem Taxes	5,087,678	4,861,657	-	-	5,087,678	4,861,657
Sales and Use Taxes	1,815,468	1,599,122	-	÷ .	1,815,468	1,599,122
Intergovernmental	769,248	593,817		-	769,248	593,817
Investment Earnings	151,035	119,305	69,368	51,767	220,403	171,072
Other Revenues	884,951	404,115	-	-	884,951	404,115
Total Revenues	\$ 15,110,790	\$ 13,231,922	\$ 12,626,480	\$ 9,991,220	\$ 27,737,270	\$ 23,223,142

Summary of Changes in Net Position

(continued)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	otal
	2015-16	2014-15	2015-16	2014-15	2015-16	2014-15
EXPENSES						
General Government	\$ 2,732,726	\$ 2,585,835	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,732,726	\$ 2,585,835
Public Safety	4,029,537	3,813,284	-	-	4,029,537	3,813,284
Public Works	2,789,532	2,873,308	-	-	2,789,532	2,873,308
Culture and Recreation	2,353,053	1,756,398	-	-	2,353,053	1,756,398
Urban Redevelopment	27,665	16,188	-	2	27,665	16,188
Equipment Services	162,025	134,764	-	-	162,025	134,764
Intergovernmental	539,185	396,415	-	-	539,185	396,415
Interest Long Term Debt	88,095	138,512	÷	-	88,095	138,512
Other Expenses	111,385	140,487	-		111,385	140,487
Water Utility	-		2,942,016	2,655,812	2,942,016	2,655,812
Stormwater Utility	÷.	-	1,318,096	39,942	1,318,096	39,942
Wastewater Utility	-		3,378,859	2,739,152	3,378,859	2,739,152
Commercial Sanitation	-	-	324,430	305,585	324,430	305,585
Clemson Area Transit	· · · ·	-	3,517,798	3,362,255	3,517,798	3,362,255
Parking Deck	-		104,227	103,637	104,227	103,637
Total Expenses	\$ 12,833,203	\$ 11,855,191	\$ 11,585,426	\$ 9,206,383	\$ 24,418,629	\$ 21,061,574
Change in Net Position						
Before Transfers	\$ 2,277,587	\$ 1,376,731	\$ 1,041,054	\$ 784,837	\$ 3,318,641	\$ 2,161,568
Transfers	(767,205)	259,038	767,205	(259,038)	-	-
Change in Net Position						
After Transfers	\$ 1,510,382	\$ 1,635,769	\$ 1,808,259	\$ 525,799	\$ 3,318,641	\$ 2,161,568
Net Position, Beginning	15,672,504	21,214,571	22,892,177	26,765,695	38,564,681	47,980,266
Cumulative Change GASB 68 & 71	-	(7,177,836)	-	(4,399,317)		(11,577,153)
Net Position, Ending	\$ 17,182,886	\$ 15,672,504	\$ 24,700,436	\$ 22,892,177	\$ 41,883,322	\$ 38,564,681

Summary of Changes in Net Position (continued)

Business-type Activities

The City's business-type net position increased 8% or \$1,808,259. Prior to transfers of \$767,205 from governmental activities, business-type activities realized an increase in net position of \$1,041,054. *Net* program revenues increased \$2.6 million as a result of increases of \$1 million in charges for services and \$1.6 million in capital grants and contributions. Additional details of significant changes in net position are as follows:

- Charges for utility and transportation services increased approximately 17%, to \$7,443,782. The increase was primarily due to an aggregate increase of approximately \$1 million in water, stormwater, and wastewater utility service receipts, tap fees, and impact fees.
- The City's transportation services fund received operating grants amounting to \$1,448,029, and realized \$1,889,462 of intergovernmental revenues from state and local agencies. This is a 1% decrease from the previous year. In addition, transportation services received capital grants amounting to \$405,000 and utilities recorded \$1.2 million of developer contributions.

Financial Analysis of City Funds

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Clemson's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Clemson's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,409,122. Approximately 50% of this total amount (\$5,195,722) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is not available for new spending because it has already been, (1) restricted for Special Revenue Funds (\$4,082,195), Capital Projects Funds (\$523,341), and Debt Service Fund (\$28,862), (2) committed in the General Fund (\$331,746), and (3) assigned for purchases on order in the General and Special Revenue Funds (\$247,256). The unassigned fund balance increased \$1,040,972 from June 30, 2015.

The General Fund is the major operating fund of the City of Clemson. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$5,195,722, while total fund balance reached \$5,609,830. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance, and total fund balance, to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 53% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 57% of total General Fund expenditures.

The Debt Service Fund, a major fund, had a total fund balance of \$28,862 at the end of the year. This is a \$74,260 or 257% net decrease from the previous year. The decrease is a result of a conscious decision on the part of the City's governing body not to allocate additional resources to the fund even though principal payments increased during the year. Fund balance will be reviewed during the fiscal year 2016-17 budget process.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Clemson's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the water, stormwater, and wastewater utilities at the end of the year amounted to \$514,729, \$62,775, and \$4,256,258 respectively. Commercial sanitation operations ended the year with \$132,382 of unrestricted net position, while transit operations reported \$4,970,837 of net position that was unrestricted. Also, the City's investment in the downtown parking deck provided this proprietary fund with \$2,563,507 of unrestricted net position at the end of the year.

General Fund Budget Highlights

There were not any differences between original budget expenditures and final amended budget expenditures during the fiscal year. The total General Fund expenditures budget was approximately \$12.0 million, an increase of \$2.5 million from the prior year. Budget notes are as follows:

- Unless there is a compelling reason, the City does not amend the fiscal year budget approved by the governing body.
- The City views revenue and expenditure variances (favorable and unfavorable) as a measure of the accuracy of the City's budget process.

During the year, actual revenues exceeded budget estimates by \$1.8 million and actual expenditures were \$2.4 million less than the City's budget estimates. The combined favorable revenue and expenditure variances increased fund balance by \$932,000, which is \$14,000 more than the prior fiscal year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

The City of Clemson's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016 amounted to \$40,091,138. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, other improvements, equipment, and construction in progress.

Of the \$40,091,138 investment, \$14,845,359 pertained to governmental activities and \$25,245,779 was reported as an investment in business-type activities. Additional information pertaining to the City of Clemson's capital assets can be found in Note 6. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The City completed \$1.7 million of water, stormwater, and wastewater collection infrastructure improvements to its downtown corridor. The project was undertaken in anticipation of additional development within the City's corporate limits. Approximately half of the required funding was provided by developers. The remaining resources were provided by the City's governmental and utility funds.
- The City's water utility closed on a \$1.8 million borrowing from the South Carolina Drinking Water Revolving Fund Authority on June 30, 2015. Water lines and hydrants were replaced in fiscal year 2015-16. The debt will be repaid over a period of fifteen years with user fee revenue.
- Streetscape improvements to the City's Old Calhoun District began during the year. Approximately 90% of the funding for the \$1.4 million project will come from hospitality fees and taxes. The City's General Fund and Stormwater Utility Fund will provide the remaining financing. Completion of this project will occur in fiscal year 2016-17.

Capital Assets

(net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Та	otal
	2015-16	2014-15	2015-16	2014-15	2015-16	2014-15
Land and Buildings	\$ 7,298,055	\$ 7,482,609	\$ 5,033,046	\$ 5,160,256	\$ 12,331,101	\$ 12,642,865
Other Improvements	6,227,435	7,023,138	15,109,168	13,635,537	21,336,603	20,658,675
Equipment	1,319,869	1,627,109	3,006,110	2,789,616	4,325,979	4,416,725
Construction in Progress		-	2,097,455	1,495,076	2,097,455	1,495,076
Total Capital Assets	\$ 14,845,359	\$ 16,132,856	\$ 25,245,779	\$ 23,080,485	\$ 40,091,138	\$ 39,213,341

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2016, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$602,000 associated with original 2013 and 2014 General Obligation Bonds of \$360,000 and \$1.2 million respectively. Ad valorem taxes are pledged for repayment of the debt. In 1998, the City created a tax increment district, and in 2002 issued \$5,000,000 of tax increment bonds to finance various capital projects within the tax increment district. In 2006, the City issued \$3,000,000 of additional tax increment debt. Ad valorem taxes from the district will service the debt. A \$1.9 million 2005 capital lease purchase agreement for recreation park improvements was satisfied during the fiscal year. Governmental capital lease purchase debt outstanding at year end pertained to a 2012 agreement.

Governmental Debt Outstanding at June 30, 2016

- General Obligation Bonds \$602,000
- Tax Increment Bonds \$945,936
- Capital Lease Purchase Agreement \$167,706

Business-type Debt Outstanding at June 30, 2016

- Water Revenue Bonds (South Carolina Revolving Fund Loans) \$4,804,894
- Wastewater Revenue Bonds (South Carolina Revolving Fund Loans) \$1,812,067

Current state statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a municipality may issue to 8% of its total assessed valuation. The current legal debt limitation for the City of Clemson is \$4,715,121, which is in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt of \$602,000. Additional information concerning the City's long-term debt can be found in Notes 7 & 8.

Future Outlook

The management of the City of Clemson holds the philosophy that in order to secure a fiscally stable municipal government the budget process should be a "team effort". Issues that are important in the budget process include (1) matching revenues with expenses for all funds of the City, (2) maintaining appropriate levels of liquid assets in order to meet cash flow requirements throughout the fiscal year, and (3) ensuring that City services are as cost effective as possible.

During the preparation of future budgets, the City will attempt to continue the high level of service that Clemson residents are accustomed to receiving. The City will also continue to promote the "team approach" in delivery of governmental services. Clemson has historically provided affordable services to its residents, and management believes that this trend will continue. The City's ad valorem tax rate of 84.20 mills actually translates to a "net ad valorem tax rate" of 62.26 mills with the local option sales tax credit factor taken into account. As a result, the City's tax rate compares quite favorably to other municipalities in both North and South Carolina.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of City of Clemson finances, comply with finance related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. Questions concerning the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information, should be addressed to the City of Clemson, Office of Finance, 1250 Tiger Boulevard - Suite 2, Clemson, South Carolina, 29631-2661. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report may also be accessed via the City's website at *http://www.cityofclemson.org*.





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

	G	overnmental Activities		isiness-type Activities		Total
Assets			-			
Cash	\$	11,092,942	\$	625	\$	11,093,567
Investments		7,465,797		-		7,465,797
Receivables (Net of Allowance):						
Property Taxes		388,743				388,743
Accounts		406,692		1,139,721		1,546,413
Interest		12,406		-		12,406
Other		63,938		107,009		170,947
Due from Other Governmental Units		902,002		1,277,718		2,179,720
Internal Balances		(5,941,420)		5,941,420		-
Prepayments		-		11,632		11,632
Inventory		10,660		22,187		32,847
Investment in Joint Venture		-		3,618,387		3,618,387
Restricted Cash - Revenue Bond Covenants		-		619,895		619,895
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated						
Land		2,132,390		462,082		2,594,472
Construction in Progress				2,097,455		2,097,455
Capital Assets net of Accumulated						
Depreciation						
Buildings		5,165,665		4,570,964		9,736,629
Other Improvements		6,227,435		15,109,168	-	21,336,603
Equipment		1,319,869		3,006,110		4,325,979
Equipment	2	1,010,000	-	3,000,110	-	4,020,373
Total Assets	\$	29,247,119	\$	37,984,373	\$	67,231,492
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred Pension Charges	\$	844,590	\$	518,217	\$	1,362,807
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	\$	549,987	\$	1,170,492	\$	1,720,479
Due to Other Governmental Units		1,189,888			20	1,189,888
Contracts Payable		53,831		128,425		182,256
Accrued Interest Payable		12,007		38,409		50,416
Revenue Received in Advance		692,291		-		692,291
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets		-		616,334		616,334
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Net Pension Liability		8,209,988		5,027,114		13,237,102
Due Within One Year		1,756,013		460,765		2,216,778
Due in More Than One Year		433,372	-	6,353,631		6,787,003
Total Liabilities	\$	12,897,377	\$	13,795,170	\$	26,692,547
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred Pension Credits	\$	11,446	\$	6,984	\$	18,430
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	13,129,718	\$	11,223,961	s	24,353,679
Restricted For:	<i>•</i>	,,	•	,,,.		,,
Debt Service		8,695		975,987		984,682
Unrestricted		4,044,473		12,500,488		16,544,961
		7,077,773		12,000,700		10,044,301
Total Net Position	\$	17,182,886	\$	24,700,436	\$	41,883,322

See Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			I		Prog	Program Revenues Operating	S	Capital		INU	hange	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	tion	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	0	Charges for Services	° °	Grants and Contributions	S S	Grants and Contributions	9	Governmental Activities	Bui	Business-type Activities		Total
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Urban Redevelopment Interest on Long-term Debt	69	3,545,321 4,029,537 2,789,532 2,353,053 27,665 88,095	\$	4,910,557 521,058 584,794 137,554	63	31,810 209,637	\$, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ŝ	1,365,236 (3,469,669) (2,204,738) (2,005,862) (27,665) (88,095)	69.		\$	1,365,236 (3,469,669) (2,204,8738) (2,005,8738) (2,005,862) (88,095)
Total Governmental Activities §	69	12,833,203	\$3	6,153,963	65	241,447	\$	7,000	\$	(6,430,793)	69	1	\$	(6,430,793)
Business-type Activities Water Stormwater Wastewater Sanitation Transit Parking Deck	69	2,942,016 1,318,096 3,378,859 324,430 3,517,798 104,227	\$	3,147,040 398,676 3,455,943 296,728 29,433 115,962	69.	3,337,491	69	193,596 300,000 789,478 492,765	\$		69.	398,620 (619,420) 866,562 (27,702) 341,891 11,735	\$	398,620 (619,420) 866,562 (27,702) 341,891 11,735
Total Business-type Activities 💈	69	11,585,426	63	7,443,782	63	3,337,491	69	1,775,839	\$	•	\$	971,686	63	971,686
Total Primary Government	69	24,418,629		\$ 13,597,745	\$	3,578,938	\$	\$ 1,782,839	\$	(6,430,793)	69	971,686	63	(5,459,107)

continued

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Functions/Programs

continued

		Onorating	Canital			1 12	Net (Expense) revenue and	ine ani	2
L	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	ဗိ	a	Bu	Business-type	lion	
Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities	l	Activities	1	Total
General Revenues:	s:								
Property Taxes				63	5,087,678	69		63	5,087,678
Local Option Sales Tax	ales Tax				1,537,036		•		1,537,036
Local Accommodations Tax	odations Tax				278,432		•		278,432
Intergovernmen	Intergovernmental - Unrestricted				769,248				769,248
Unrestricted Inv	Unrestricted Investment Earnings	5			151,035		69,368		220,403
Other					884,951		•		884,951
Transfers					(767,205)		767,205		
Total General	Total General Revenues and Transfers	ansfers		63	7,941,175	69	836,573	69	8,777,748
Change in N	Net Position			69	1,510,382	69	1,808,259	69.	3,318,641
Net Position, Beginning	inning				15,672,504		22,892,177		38,564,681
Net Position, Ending	ing			63	\$ 17,182,886	63	\$ 24,700,436	69	\$ 41,883,322

See Notes to Financial Statements

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2016

	-	General		Debt Service Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds		Total
Assets				2				
Cash Investments Receivables (Net of Allowance)	\$	11,092,942 7,465,797	\$:	\$		\$	11,092,942 7,465,797
Property Taxes		363,959		8,542		16,242		388,743
Accounts Interest		45,968 12,406		•		360,724		406,692
Other		63,937				-		12,406
Due from Other Governmental Units		526,320		4,125		371,557		63,937
Due from Other Funds		27,746		22,100		5,370,459		902,002 5,420,305
Inventory	-				_	10,660		10,660
Total Assets	\$	19,599,075	\$	34,767	\$	6,129,642	\$	25,763,484
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
	¢	000 000	•					100 million (1997)
Vouchers Payable Accounts Payable	\$	262,683	\$	-	\$		\$	262,683
Contracts Payable		159,911		-		127,393		287,304
Retainage Payable		32,905 20,926		-		(H)		32,905
Due to Other Governmental Units		1,386		- 		-		20,926
Due to Other Funds		11,333,979		-		1,188,502		1,189,888
Unearned Revenue		1,233,593				27,746		11,361,725
Revenue Received in Advance		692,291		-		-		1,233,593 692,291
Total Liabilities	\$	13,737,674	\$		\$	1,343,641	\$	15,081,315
					<u> </u>	.,,	Ψ	10,001,010
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	251,571	\$	5,905	\$	15,571	\$	273,047
Fund Balances: Restricted For:								
Special Revenue Funds	\$		\$	-	\$	3,843,373	\$	3,843,373
Special Revenue Funds - L-T Receivables		-		-		238,822	(0.00)	238,822
Capital Projects Funds		-		-		523,341		523,341
Debt Service Fund		-		28,862		-		28,862
Committed:								
General Fund		331,746		-		-		331,746
Assigned:								
Purchases on Order		82,362		30 -		108,700		191,062
Special Revenue Funds Unassigned:		-		6 7 .		56,194		56,194
General Fund		5,195,722		-		-		5,195,722
Total Fund Balances	\$	5,609,830	\$	28,862	\$	4,770,430	\$	10,409,122
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	19,599,075	\$	34,767	\$	6,129,642	\$	25,763,484
				and the second se	-			

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	10,409,122
Capital assets used in governmental activities	s are not financial resouces and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds. The			
and the accumulated depreciation is \$22,25	5,949.		14,845,360
Other long-term assets are not available to pa	ay for current period expenditures		
and, therefore, are reported as unavailable i	revenue in the funds		(29,711)
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt in	n governmental funds is not due and		
payable in the current period and, therefore	e, is not reported as a liability in		
the funds.			(12,007)
Certain deferred revenues in the government	al funds are reportable for governmental		
activities and, therefore are not included on	the statement of net position.		1,536,351
The City's proportionate share of the net pen	sion liability, deferred outflows of resources,and	5	
	participation in the State pension plans are not		
recorded in the governmental funds but are	recorded in the Statement of Net Position		(7,376,844)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable	e, are not due and payable in the		
current period and, therefore, are not report	ted in the governmental funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:			
Capital Leases	\$ 167,706		
Bonds Payable	1,547,936		
Compensated Absences	473,743		(2,189,385
let position of governmental activities		¢	17,182,886

See Notes to Financial Statements
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		General	-	Debt Service Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds		Total
Revenues								
Property Taxes	\$	3,865,153	\$	90,720	\$	1,161,516	\$	5,117,389
Local Option Sales Tax		1,493,361		35,051		8,624		1,537,036
Local Accomodations Tax		-		1 .		278,432		278,432
Hospitality Fees/Tax		-		-		1,390,948		1,390,948
Licenses and Permits		3,519,609				-		3,519,609
Intergovernmental		769,248		-		241,447		1,010,695
Charges for Services		774,140		-		41,215		815,355
Fines and Forfeitures		428,051		-		-		428,051
Investment Earnings		75,139		4,200		71,696		151,035
Other		274,150		6,444		134,097		414,691
Total Revenues	\$	11,198,851	\$	136,415	\$	3,327,975	\$	14,663,241
Expenditures								
Current Operating								
General Government	\$	2,908,878	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,908,878
Public Safety	Ψ	3,648,049	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	151,949	*	3,799,998
Public Works		2,107,341		-		171,636		2,278,977
Culture and Recreation		776,492		-		591,388		1,367,880
Equipment Services		162,025		-				162,025
Urban Redevelopment		.02,020		-		27,665		27,665
Other		111,385		-				111,385
Debt Service		111,000						11,000
		171,255		1,356,318		304,900		1,832,473
Principal		2,723		90,309		11,936		104,968
Interest		2,725		30,303		72,432		72,432
Capital Outlay Intergovernmental				-		539,185		539,185
Total Expenditures	\$	9,888,148	\$	1,446,627	\$	1,871,091	\$	13,205,866
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)		4 040 700		(4 040 040)		4 450 004		
Expenditures	\$	1,310,703	\$	(1,310,212)	\$	1,456,884	\$	1,457,375
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		539,838		1,235,952		499,500		2,275,290
Transfers Out		(918,417)		•		(2,124,078)	_	(3,042,495)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(378,579)	\$	1,235,952	\$	(1,624,578)	\$	(767,205)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	932,124	\$	(74,260)	\$	(167,694)	\$	690,170
Fund Balances, Beginning		4,677,706		103,122		4,938,124		9,718,952
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	5,609,830	\$	28,862	\$	4,770,430	\$	10,409,122

See Notes to Financial Statements

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	690,170
	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures (\$365,950). However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense (\$1,653,446). This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		(1,287,496)
			(1,201,430)
	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not represent current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		440,549
	The repayment of long-term debt (\$1,832,473) consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. This transaction, however, has no effect on net position		1,832,473
	Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities however interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due.		16,873
	Changes in the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, deferred outflows o	f	,
	resources, and defined inflows of resources for the current year are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the Statement of Activities		(148,308)
	Compensated absence expense reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(33,879)
С	hange in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,510,382

See Notes to Financial Statements

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues Property Taxes Local Option Sales Tax Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Investment Earnings Other Total Revenues	\$	Original 3,674,739 1,255,291 2,434,000 576,200 742,348 365,000 50,000	\$	Final 3,674,739 1,255,291 2,434,000 576,200	\$ Actual 3,865,153 1,493,361	\$	Variance 190,414
Property Taxes Local Option Sales Tax Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Investment Earnings Other		1,255,291 2,434,000 576,200 742,348 365,000 50,000	\$	1,255,291 2,434,000	\$	\$	
Local Option Sales Tax Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Investment Earnings Other		1,255,291 2,434,000 576,200 742,348 365,000 50,000	\$	1,255,291 2,434,000	\$	\$	
Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Investment Earnings Other		2,434,000 576,200 742,348 365,000 50,000		2,434,000	1,493,361		
Intergovernmental Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Investment Earnings Other		576,200 742,348 365,000 50,000					238,070
Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Investment Earnings Other		742,348 365,000 50,000		576 200	3,519,609		1,085,609
Fines and Forfeitures Investment Earnings Other		365,000 50,000		570,200	769,248		193,048
Investment Earnings Other		50,000		742,348	774,140		31,792
Other				365,000	428,051		63,051
				50,000	75,139		25,139
Total Payanuas		276,000	-	276,000	 274,150	-	(1,850)
Total Revenues	\$	9,373,578	\$	9,373,578	\$ 11,198,851	\$	1,825,273
Expenditures							
Current Operating							
General Government							
Council	\$	181,900	\$	181,900	\$ 180,708	\$	1,192
Municipal Court		321,153		321,153	352,386		(31,233)
Administration		668,464		668,464	677,881		(9,417)
Finance		225,365		225,365	235,340		(9,975)
Information Tech Services		256,182		256,182	237,217		18,965
Planning and Codes		855,762		855,762	844,147		11,615
Public Buildings		380,131		380,131	381,199		(1,068)
Total	\$	2,888,957	\$	2,888,957	\$ 2,908,878	\$	(19,921)
Public Safety							
Police	\$	2,955,035	\$	2,955,035	\$ 2,873,049	\$	81,986
Fire		2,750,000		2,750,000	775,000		1,975,000
Total	\$	5,705,035	\$	5,705,035	\$ 3,648,049	\$	2,056,986
Public Works							
Streets	\$	1,136,406	\$	1,136,406	\$ 724,442	\$	411,964
Residential Sanitation		1,140,030		1,140,030	1,131,470		8,560
Administration	Records in	248,008	-	248,008	251,429	//	(3,421)
Total	\$	2,524,444	\$	2,524,444	\$ 2,107,341	\$	417,103
Culture and Recreation	\$	763,749	\$	763,749	\$ 776,492	\$	(12,743)
Equipment Services	\$	158,078	\$	158,078	\$ 162,025	\$	(3,947)
Debt Service							
Principal	\$	170,600	\$	170,600	\$ 171,255	\$	(655)
Interest		3,345		3,345	2,723		622
Total	\$	173,945	\$	173,945	\$ 173,978	\$	(33)

continued

continued

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Bud	gete	d			
		Original		Final	Actual		Variance
Expenditures, continued							
Other	\$	114,250	\$	114,250	\$ 111,385	\$	2,865
Total Expenditures	\$	12,328,458	\$	12,328,458	\$ 9,888,148	\$	2,440,310
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	(2,954,880)	\$	(2,954,880)	\$ 1,310,703	\$	4,265,583
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers In		535,020		535,020	539,838		4,818
Transfers Out				-	918,417		918,417
Total	\$	535,020	\$	535,020	\$ (378,579)	\$	(913,599)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(2,419,860)	\$	(2,419,860)	\$ 932,124	\$	3,351,984
Fund Balance, Beginning	-	4,677,706	_	4,677,706	4,677,706		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	2,257,846	\$	2,257,846	\$ 5,609,830	\$	3,351,984
				the state of the second se	 the state of the second se	-	

See Notes to Financial Statements

CITY OF CLEMSON PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

Assets Assets \$ 300 \$ \$ 300 \$ \$ 0.01 \$ \$ 128,644 \$ 0.01 \$ \$ 128,644 \$ 0.01 \$ 0.01 \$ \$ 17,526 \$ 17,526 \$ 17,526 \$ 17,522 \$ 17,527 \$ 10,527,943 \$ 10,527 \$ 10,527,943 \$ 10,527 \$ 10,527,943 \$ 10,527 \$ 10,5	16,097								
Ourment 117,526 overmmental Units 13729 overmmental Units 13729 Assets 22,187 Assets 5 Assets 5 Revenue Bond Covenants 5 Assets 5 Revenue Bond Covenants 5 Assets 167,155 Revenue Bond Covenants 5 Assets 167,149 Preciation 167,149 Int Assets 5 Assets 5 Assets 5 Assets 5 Autilows of Resources 5 Liabilities 5	13,468	150 245,069 159,811	\$ 24,289 1,277	. 68 .	\$ 175 368,746	55 15 19 1	100	\$	625 780,715 359,006
State 5 1,922,158 5 1 Revenue Bond Covenants \$ 418,155 \$ \$ 1 Revenue Bond Covenants \$ 418,155 \$ \$ \$ 1 It Venture 99,483 99,483 99,483 \$ 9 3 3 3 3 1 3 3 3 1 3 4 3 3 3 1 3 4 3 3 3 1 3 4 3 3 1 3 4 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 1 3	158,471	327,262 2,166,126	173,892	8	820,728 1,478,475 11,632	' 19 50 61 '	522,903	<	1,277,719 5,941,419 11,632 22,187
Revenue Bond Covenants \$ 418,155 \$ nt Venture 89,483 99,483 ngs 167,149 167,149 nts 669,031 669,031 preciation (3,028,985) 5 nt Assets 5 6,69,031 outflows of Resources 5 106,124 5 Liabilities 106,124 5 1	188,036 \$	2,898,418	\$ 199,458	÷	\$ 2,679,756	\$ 99	523,003	\$	8,410,829
Ings 167,149 Ients 10,314,952 669,031 (3,028,985) ent Assets <u>\$ 8,629,785</u> 5 10,551,943 <u>\$ 1</u> Outflows of Resources <u>\$ 108,124</u> <u>\$</u> Liabilities	•••	201,740 3,618,387	S		59	s 	•••	5	619,895 3,618,387 89,483
ent Assets <u>\$ 8,629,785</u> <u>\$</u> <u>\$ 10,551,943</u> <u>\$ 2</u> Outflows of Resources <u>\$ 108,124</u> <u>\$</u> Liabilities	- 41,873 (5,556)	327,671 327,671 18,458,845 1,316,940 (10,384,682)	- 469,235 (327,866)	 366)	3,011,754 23,673 8,012,853 (5,862,254)	2002	2,683,178 139,827 (781,859)	1	6, 189, 752 28, 797, 470 10, 649, 759 20, 391, 202]
5 10,551,943 5 Outliows of Resources 5 108,124 5 n Charges 5 108,124 5	36,317 \$	13,538,901	\$ 141,369		\$ 5,186,026	\$ 30	2,041,146	s	29,573,544
Outflows of Resources <u>\$ 108,124</u> n Charges Liabilities	224,353 \$	16,437,319	\$ 340,827		\$ 7,865,782	25 \$	2,564,149	\$3	37,984,373
	2,759 \$	155,589	\$ 20,537		\$ 231,208	\$ 8		5	518,217
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 5 154,371 \$ Contracts Payable 46,534 Accrued Expenses Compensated Absences 26,032 Revenue Bonds Payable - Current 231,621	76,848 \$ 65,071 2,961 1,528	117,615 11,357 33,871 40,591	\$ 4,8 3,4	4,873 3,456 5,289	\$ 735,165 51,997 32,565 28,927	. 1929	642	42	1,089,514 128,425 119,387 102,367 358,398
Total Current Liabilities \$ 458,558 \$ 1	146,408 \$	330,211	\$ 13,0	13,618	\$ 848,654	2	642	\$	1,798,091
Noncurrent Liabilities \$ 24,176 \$ Compensated Absences \$ 24,176 \$ Net Pension Liability (0.51,037 Customer Deposits Payable 665,790 Revenue Bonds Payable 4,573,273	1,420 \$ 16,509	37,697 1,512,436 1,685,289	\$ 4,911 199,631 10,544	4,911 19,631 0,544	\$ 26,865 2,247,501	2 2		\$	95,069 5,027,114 616,334 6,258,562
Total Noncurrent Liabilities \$ 6,254,276 \$	17,929 \$	3,235,422	\$ 215,086	986	\$ 2,274,366	<u>8</u>	'	\$	11,997,079
Total Liabilities <u>\$ 6,712,834</u> <u>\$ 1</u> Defiered Inflows of Resources	164,337 \$	3,565,633	\$ 228,704	101	\$ 3,123,020	50 8	642	\$	13,795,170
Deferred Pension Credits \$ 1,465 \$	·	2,108	5	278	\$ 3,133	33 \$		59	6,984
Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 3,317,253 \$ Restricted for Debt Service 514,729 Unrestricted	62,775	7,906,708 862,201 4,256,258	5 132,382		4,970,837	· · 6	- 2,563,507	s	11,223,961 975,987 12,500,488
Total Net Position \$ 3,945,768 \$	62,775 \$	13,025,167	\$ 132,382	382	\$ 4,970,837	37 \$	2,563,507	\$	24,700,436

See Notes to Financial Statements

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PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Operating Revenues	2	Water	St	Stormwater	3	Wastewater	s.	Sanitation	1	Transit	1	Deck	I	Totals
Charges for Services Impact Fees Late Charges	\$	2,948,038 75,919 29.770	\$	385,587 - 4 558	64	2,855,131 499,661 31.089	\$	290,459	5		\$	105,560	\$	6,584,775 575,580 67 620
Joint Venture Income (Loss) Other	I	73,751		8,531	4	(33,264) 103,326		4,058		29,433		10,400		(33,264) 229,499
Total Operating Revenues	\$	3,127,478	\$	398,676	5	3,455,943	\$	296,729	63	29,433	\$	115,960	69	7,424,219
Operating Expenses Water Department	\$	2,180,570	69	•	69	·	69	·	64		\$	•	63	2,180,570
Stormwater Collection Wastewater Collection				1,312,540		1.168,242								1,312,540
Wastewater Treatment		-		•		1,378,206		•		•		•		1,378,206
buing Auministration Engineering						257.133								257.133
Commercial Sanitation		E.		•				269,086		•		•		269,086
Transit Operations		r		i.		•		•		2,845,141		•		2,845,141
Parking Deck Operations Depreciation		270 992		5 556		- 493 367		43 627		- REE ET 2		25,725 78 502		25,725 4 558 654
Other		42,719				40,624		11,717	I	6,043		-	I	101,103
Total Operating Expenses	69	2,861,158	69	1,318,096	s	3, 337, 567	63	324,430	63	3,517,796	\$	104,227	63	11,463,274
Operating Income (Loss)	63	266,320	64	(919,420)	\$	118,376	64	(27,701)	63	(3,488,363)	\$	11,733	63	(4,039,055)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Investment Earnings	\$	14,274	69	4,074	\$	23,135	\$	2,646	69.	18,851	\$	6,388	63	69,368
Operating Grants Intergovernmental		- 19.561				• •		•••		1,853,029 1 889 462				1,853,029
Debt Service - Interest		(80,858)	ŝ	•	3	(41,292)	1000	•		-				(122,150)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	63	(47,023)	s	4,074	\$	(18, 157)	5	2,646	63	3,761,342	\$	6,388	\$	3,709,270
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	\$	219,297	\$	(915,346)	ŝ	100,219	\$	(25,055)	63	272,979	63	18,121	\$	(329,785)
Capital Contributions Transfers In Transfers Out	. 1	193,596 167,014 (91,835)	. 1	300,000 634,159 -	1	789,478 196,070 (165,879)		- (7,424)	1	87,765 (8,900)		44,000		1,370,839 1,041,243 (274,038)
Change in Net Position	\$	488,072	\$	18,813	\$	919,888	53	(32,479)	63	351,844	63	62,121	63	1,808,259
Total Net Position, Beginning	S	3,457,696	s	43,962	\$	12,105,279	\$	164,861	5	4,618,993	63	2,501,386	63	22,892,177
Total Net Position, Ending	69	3,945,768	5	62.775		13 075 167	v	132 382	v	A 970 837	v	2 562 507	v	SCA DOT AC

See Notes to Financial Statements

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	á	u addiseesiiie	CUMUN	Dusiness-type Acumines - Emerprise Funus	nun a	S								
		Water	St	Stormwater	Ż	Wastewater	S	Sanitation		Transit		Deck		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	•													
Receipts from Customers and Users	A	2,937,250	A	401,212	A	3,003,175	A	302,208	A	29,602	A	115,860	A	1,389,901
Payments to Suppliers		(1,758,323)		(1,052,052)		(1,941,839)		(128,239)		(647,750)		(25,785)		(5,553,988)
Payments to Employees	1	(100,281)		(102,983)		(016,011,1)		(101,000)		(1,342,019)		•		(3,088,9/9)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	4	396,926	\$	(753,823)	69	551,026	69	22,963	67	(2,160,227)	69	90,075	69	(1,853,060)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities														
Transfer from Other Funds	69	167,014	69	634,159	63	196,070	69	•	69	•	69	44,000	69	1,041,243
Transfer to Other Funds		(312,195)		(142,537)		(940,005)		(25,609)		(1,008,707)		(23,439)		(2,452,492)
Grants Available for Operating Purposes		•		•		•		•		2,135,686		•		2,135,686
Subsidies from Other Governmental Agencies		19,561		•		•		•		1,607,537		•		1,627,098
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and														
Related Financing Activities	\$3	(125,620)	\$	491,622	\$	(743,935)	69	(25,609)	69	2,734,516	69	20,561	69	2,351,535
Cash Flows from Capital and Related														
Financing Activities														
Capital Contributions	63	193,596	63	300,000	63	789,477	69	•	63	87,765	69		69	1,370,838
Purchases of Capital Assets		(2,096,250)		(41,873)		(145,753)		1		(680,905)		(117,024)		(3,081,805)
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		•				(642,141)		•		•				(642,141)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt		(120,537)		•		(124, 525)		ł						(245,062)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt		(68,722)		1		(37,116)		4		•		1		(105,838)
Proceeds from Capital Debt		1,843,225		•		327,552								2,170,777
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and														
Related Financing Activities	69.	(248,688)	63	258,127	65	167,494	\$	"	69	(593,140)	\$	(117,024)	63	(533,231)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities														
Investment Income Received	69	14,274	63	4,074	69	23, 135	69	2,646	69.	18,851	69	6,388	\$	69,368
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	69	36,892	69	•	\$	(2,280)	63	•	s		\$		\$	34,612
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		381,563		•		204,170		•	I	175		•		585,908
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	69	418,455	63	•	69.	201,890	\$	•	\$	175	\$	•	63	620,520
														continued

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Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Water Stor Met \$ 266,320 \$ Net \$ 270,992 \$ \$ 270,992 \$ 1,015 \$ 1,015 - - \$ 3,815 - - \$ 2,566 - -	Stor	water	Wast									
Net \$ 266,320 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$				Wastewater	Sani	Sanitation		Transit		Parking Deck	l	Totals
\$ 270,992 (218,398) 1,015 - 83,815 (83,623) 2,566	69	(919, 420)	69	118,376) چ	(27,701)	\$	(3,488,363)	69	11,733	69	\$ (4,039,056)
\$ 270,992 (218,398) 1,015 83,815 (83,623) 2,566	69.											
t ble		5,556	69	493,362	\$	43,627	\$	666,612	69	78,502	69	1,558,651
		2,536		147,832		4,045		169		(100)		(63,916)
		•		•		•		•		•		1,015
-				•		•		(11,632)				(11,632)
		•		33,264		•		•				33,264
		75,555		73,967		(475)		588,210		(09)		821,012
	-	65,071		(346,248)		•		51,997		•		(312,803)
		748		4,582		759		8,442		•		17,097
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability,												
Deferred Charges and Deferred Credits 40,811		13,753		17,013		066		12,925		•		85,492
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences 5,258		2,378		8,878		284		11,413				28,211
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits 28,170		•		•		1,434		•		•		29,604
Total Adjustments \$ 130,606 \$ 1		165,597	69	432,650	63	50,664	\$	1,328,136	69	78,342	63	2,185,995
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$ 396,926 \$ (7		(753,823)	69	551,026	69	22,963	69	(2,160,227)	69	90,075	69	\$ (1,853,060)

See Notes To Financial Statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Clemson was created in 1943 after the freeholders voted to change the name from Calhoun to Clemson. Calhoun was founded sometime before 1900. Currently the City operates under a council form of government with an elected mayor and six council members.

The accompanying financial statement presents the government and its component units, which are entities for which the City is considered financially accountable. Blended component units are legally separate entities albeit, in substance, part of the primary government and, therefore are included with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are presented separately to emphasize legal separation from the primary government. The City of Clemson is comprised of the various departments of the General Fund, the Proprietary Funds (water, stormwater, wastewater, commercial sanitation, transit system, and parking deck), the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and various other Special Revenue Funds. There are no blended or discretely presented component units included in this financial statement. No entities are excluded that would make the financial statement misleading.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1. charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and, 2. grants or contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if collected within 60 days of the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation and tax increment financing bonds principal and interest from governmental resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund accounts for charges to users for water services and the cost of operations of the system.

The Stormwater Fund accounts for charges to users for stormwater services and the cost of operations of the system.

The Wastewater Fund accounts for charges to users for sewer services and the cost of operations of the system.

The Sanitation Fund leases commercial trash receptacles to businesses and apartment complexes and sells trashcan liners to the citizens of Clemson.

The Transit Fund accumulates costs and expenses of providing a transit system to the City of Clemson, Clemson University, and surrounding areas.

The Parking Deck Fund accounts for charges to users on a daily basis and for special events.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenues that are restricted for specific expenditures other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for major capital projects funded by issuance of general obligation bonds, tax increment bonds, and other financing sources.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in the business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1. Charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2.Operating grants and contributions, and 3. Capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, all taxes are general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's primary ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The water and wastewater funds also recognize as operating revenue impact fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system.

Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the costs of utility purchases and services, administrative expenses and asset depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating. The City applies all applicable FASB pronouncements issued after November 1989 in accounting and reporting for its proprietary funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

The City's investment policy is designed to operate within existing statutes (which are identical for all funds, fund types and component units within the State of South Carolina) that authorize the City to invest in the following:

- a. Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof;
- b. General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units;
- c. Savings and loan associations to the extent that the same is insured by an agency of the federal government;
- d. Certificates of deposit and funds in deposit accounts with banking institutions provided that such certificates and funds in deposit accounts are collaterally secured by securities of the type described in a. and b. above, held by a third party as escrow agent, or custodian of a market value, not less than the amount of the certificates or funds in deposit accounts so secured, including interest; provided, however, such collateral shall not be required to the extent the same are insured by an agency of the federal government;
- e. Collateralized repurchase agreements when collateralized by securities as set forth in a. and b. above and held by the City or a third party as escrow agent or custodian;
- f. South Carolina Pooled Investment Fund established and maintained by the State Treasurer.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value. The South Carolina Pooled Investment Fund operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pooled shares.

Inventories

The inventory of the Water Fund (proprietary fund type) consists of expendable supplies and construction materials, which are accounted for in a perpetual inventory system. The inventory is valued at cost and is recorded as an expense as consumed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of reimbursement arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". These funds are not expected to be repaid within one year. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as "internal balances". All property taxes and other receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Restricted

Certain resources in the City's proprietary funds are classified as restricted on the statement of net position because they are maintained in separate bank accounts as required by certain bond covenants. The 2005 Water A, 2005 Water B, 2015 Water State Revolving Fund Trustee Account and 2009 and 2014 Wastewater State Revolving Fund Trustee Accounts are used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months for each of the respective revenue bonds.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The City qualifies as a phase 3 government for reporting major general infrastructure assets and, therefore, elects to record such assets prospectively. However, with the exception of several subdivisions, the City has been tracking the cost and depreciation of its infrastructure since 1973 and such assets are reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capital value of the assets constructed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Public domain infrastructure	50
System infrastructure	30
Vehicles	3
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	5

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Pensions

In government-wide financial statements, pensions are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting, regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City recognizes a net pension liability for each qualified pension plan in which it participates, which represents the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the qualified pension plan, or the City's proportionate share thereof in the case of a cost-sharing multiple employer plan, measured as of the City's fiscal year-end. Changes in the net pension liability during the period are recorded as pension expense, or as deferred outflows or inflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred outflows or inflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan and recorded as a component of pension expense

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

beginning with the period in which they are incurred. Projected earnings on qualified pension plan investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Compensated absences are typically funded by the General Fund.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance

During the year ended June 30, 2011, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions ("GASB 54"), which establishes new fund balance classifications for governmental fund types and clarifies the definitions of the governmental fund types. The implementation of this statement had no impact on the total fund balances for the City's governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

In accordance with GASB 54, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that inherently cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form (i.e. prepaids, inventories, etc.) or because of legal or contractual requirements (i.e. principal on an endowment, etc.).
- Restricted includes amounts that are constrained by specific purposes which are externally imposed by (a) other governments through laws and regulations, (b) grantors or contributions through agreements, (c) creditors through debt covenants or other contracts, or (d) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through adoption of an ordinance made by City Council, which is the highest level of decision making authority, before the end of the reporting period. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed and that such assignments are made before the report issuance date. City Council has by resolution designated the City Administrator as responsible for assigning amounts for a specific purpose.
- Unassigned includes amounts that do not qualify to be accounted for and reported in any of the other fund balance categories. This classification represents the amount of fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if the expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Net Position

Net Position represents assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities less deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation adopted by City Council or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governmental entities.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the City's management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. BUDGETARY PRACTICES

Annual budgets and supplementary budget appropriations are adopted by ordinance by the City Council providing for operations and capital expenditures of the City. The budget is prepared by function and activity within an individual fund; and, includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. All budgets are required to have two readings before being enacted into law.

Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department or any fund must be approved by City Council. Internal budget amendment documents are prepared for budget transfers.

Budgeted amounts as presented have been amended by City Council on various dates. Individual amendments were not material in relation to original appropriations. Supplementary appropriations were made during the current year.

Departmental budget variances greater than 10% or \$10,000, whichever is smaller, must be approved by City Council. The Community Development Fund receives block

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. BUDGETARY PRACTICES, continued

grant entitlements, which are mandated by project budgets that extend over several accounting periods. Therefore, budget control is exercised by project. All other Special Revenue funds have annual budgets. During the current year none of the Special Revenue Fund budgets were revised, therefore, there are no separate columns for the original and final budgets for the individual fund statements.

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Proprietary Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgetary appropriations lapse at year end. Outstanding purchase commitments are recorded as a reserve for encumbrance and are reflected as an expense/expenditure in the subsequent year.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash includes demand deposits and investments with financial institutions, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposits, money market accounts, and bank investment contracts. Cash deposits in excess of amounts insured by Federal Deposit Insurance are collateralized by US Government securities held by the counterparty in the counterparty's name.

The City has a compensating balance arrangement on its general checking of \$100,000. Daily amounts in excess of that amount may be swept by the bank and invested in short-term repurchase agreements. Repurchase agreements and pooled funds are collateralized by US Government Securities.

In accordance with GASB #31, investments are recorded at cost or fair value depending on the nature and term of the investment. Immaterial differences at the balance sheet date are not adjusted. The City presently holds both short-term and long-term investments. All investments are expected to be held until maturity. Any significant discount or premium on the purchase of long-term investments is amortized over the term of the investment by the straight-line method. The City recognized a valuation gain on its investments of \$324,654 as of the balance sheet date.

The following is an analysis of investments held at June 30, 2016: Amounts are recorded at cost or fair value depending on the nature and term of the investment. Adjustments are not made to adjust original cost unless significant in amount.

Investment	Credit Rating	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Fair <u>Value</u>
Federal Farm Credit Bank Bonds			
Due 04/25/17	AAA	\$ 118,900	\$ 103,677
Due 06/04/18	AAA	80,737	75,675
Due 05/05/17	AAA	117,128	103,712
Due 07/16/27	AAA	97,057	106,495
Due 11/07/28	AAA	209,103	214,632

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, continued

		Carrying	Fair
Investment	Credit Rating	<u>Amount</u>	Value
Due 05/07/20	AAA/Aaa/AAA	\$ 104,525	\$ 113,665
Due 12/21/20	AAA/Aaa/AAA	100,552	111,034
Due 03/13/24	AAA/Aaa/AAA	93,174	104,497
Due 11/26/24	AAA/Aaa/AAA	125,297	144,790
Due 02/14/25	AAA/Aaa	51,952	60,760
Due 10/24/25	AAA/Aaa	101,308	106,007
Due 08/08/39	AAA/Aaa	101,910	107,490
Due 11/02/40	AAA/Aaa	102,646	118,830
Due 02/01/28	AAA/Aaa	151,167	186,424
Due 08/03/28	AAA/Aaa	60,108	64,048
Due 11/24/28	AAA/Aaa	196,244	244,826
Due 04/24/29	AAA/Aaa	102,995	101,913
Due 01/18/30	AAA/Aaa	104,480	113,293
Due 11/08/32	AAA/Aaa	184,656	213,800
Due 09/01/33	AAA/Aaa	103,852	117,512
Due 12/01/31	AAA/Aaa	112,329	112,852
Due 07/15/36	AAA/Aaa	274,043	288,554
Due 06/08/37	AAA/Aaa	100,352	127,736
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Notes			
Due 01/13/22	AAA/Aaa/AAA	102,236	105,915
Tennessee Valley Auth			
Due 07/15/33	AAA/Aaa/AAA	50,326	61,940
Due 09/15/39	AAA/Aaa/AAA	48,779	61,670
Due 12/15/42	AAA/Aaa/AAA	387,413	410,875
Due 09/15/24	AAA/Aaa/AAA	209,414	216,998
Due 02/15/43	AAA/Aaa/AAA	100,103	99,357
Federal Home Loan Banks			
Due 06/14/24	AAA/Aaa	100,780	109,083
Due 03/12/21	AAA/Aaa	221,708	244,669
Due 03/11/22	AAA/Aaa	214,528	213,008
Due 03/10/23	AAA/Aaa	242,442	260,143
Due 12/01/26	AAA/Aaa	105,480	112,419
GNMA II Guaranteed Pass Thru			
Due 06/20/28	N/A	11,419	7,873
Federal Home Loan MTG Corp			
Due 04/15/33	N/A	100,098	106,702
Due 10/02/19	N/A	73,487	75,891
Due 1/12/18	N/A	99,184	100,187
Federal National Mortgage			
Due 11/15/16	AAA	102,402	100,349
Due 06/20/19	AAA	101,913	102,723
Due 11/24/17	AAA	102,200	102,309
Due 04/30/18	AAA	99,625	100,592
Due 05/21/18	AAA	48,688	50,208
Due 2/19/19	AAA	50,387	51,403
U.S. Treasury Notes			
Due 07/31/16	N/A	125,063	125,034
Due 01/31/17	N/A	99,715	100,042
Due 08/31/17	N/A	103,829	101,555

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, continued

Investment	Credit Rating		Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Fair <u>Value</u>
Due 11/30/17	N/A	\$	103,125	\$ 102,377
Due 08/31/18	N/A		99,732	101,917
Due 03/31/21	N/A		100,316	101,168
State Investment Pool	AAA/Aaa		1,038,127	1,038,127
Other Investments				
Federated Govt Oblig Prm #117	AAA/Aaa		25,317	25,317
Federated Govt Oblig Prm #117 II	AAA/Aaa	1	33,724	 33,724
Totals		\$	7,096,075	\$ 7,465,797

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in the market interest rates. The City has no formal policy regarding interest rate risk for investments.

Credit risk – Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. The City has no formal policy regarding credit risk for investments.

Concentration of credit risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. This risk is mitigated by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. The City has no formal policy regarding concentration of credit risk for investments.

Custodial credit risk, deposits - In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, \$8,722,733 of the City's bank balance of \$11,836,769 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name. The City minimizes its exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits by review of financial statements issued by the financial institutions holding municipal deposits.

Custodial credit risk, investments - For investments, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments of collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal investment policy for custodial credit risk. Of the investments of \$7,465,797 the City has a custodial credit risk exposure of \$290,653 because the related securities are uninsured, unregistered and held by the City's brokerage firm which is also the counterparty for these particular securities. The City minimizes its exposure to custodial credit risk for investments by review of financial statements issued by the brokerage and financial institutions holding the municipal investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. PROPERTY TAXES / RECEIVABLES

Property taxes, the primary source of revenue for the General, Park Land, Tax Increment, and Debt Service Funds, are collected for the City by the Pickens County Tax Collector. No fee is charged for this service, but the City must pay its share of the cost of printing the tax notices and lists. The property tax calendar is as follows:

Levy	on October 1st on all real and personal property (except vehicles) based on the assessment of the preceding January 1 st
Tax Due	on or before January 15 th
Penalty	3% after January 15 th
-	7% additional after February 1 st
Liens	liens are filed upon execution after March 16th with an additional 5% penalty
Property Sales	on delinquent property held in year after year of levy
Motor Vehicles	monthly, assessed and collected in advance of vehicle registration with motor vehicle department

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major and non-major funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Governmental funds:		<u>General</u>	<u>Debt</u> Service	<u>Non-major</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:					
Property Taxes	\$	383,115	\$ 8,992	\$ 17,097	\$ 409,204
Accounts		45,968	-	360,724	406,692
Interest		12,406			12,406
Inter- governmental		526,320	4,125	371,557	902,002
Other		63,937	-	-	 63,937
Gross Receivables	\$	1,031,746	\$ 13,117	\$ 749,378	\$ 1,794,241
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	. <u></u>	(19,156)	(450)	 (855)	 (20,461)
Net Total Receivables	\$	1,012,590	\$ 12,667	\$ 748,523	\$ 1,773,780

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. PROPERTY TAXES / RECEIVABLES, continued

Business- type funds:	<u>Water</u>	<u>Stormwater</u>	<u>Wastewater</u>	Sanitation	<u>Transit</u>	Parking <u>Deck</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:							
Accounts	\$ 310,864	\$ 29,565	\$ 404,880	\$ 25,566	\$ 368,746	\$ 100	\$ 1,139,721
Inter- governmental	 129,729		327,262	-	820,728	-	1,277,719
Net Total Receivables	\$ 440,593	\$ 29,565	\$ 732,142	\$ 25,566	\$ 1,189,474	\$ 100	\$ 2,417,440

Included in accounts receivable in the Non-major funds are mortgages arising from loans to individuals qualifying for community development grant funds for constructing or renovating their personal residences. The balance at June 30, 2016 is \$251,954 of which \$238,822 is long-term.

5. NOTE RECEIVABLE – TOWN OF CENTRAL

The City sold its Highway 93 Water Tank to the Town of Central for \$250,000 in 2007. The terms of the sale call for the Town of Central to pay \$5,009 per quarter for 15 years at an interest rate of 2.5%. The balance of the note at June 30, 2016 is \$107,009 with \$17,526 due within the next year.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Governmental activities:	tal activities: Beginning Balance Incre		creases	<u>Decreases</u>			Ending <u>Balance</u>		
Capital assets, not depreciated: Land	_\$	2,132,390	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,132,390	
Capital assets, depreciated: Other improvements Buildings Infrastructure Furniture and equipment	\$	7,785,461 7,798,737 11,473,908 7,685,885	\$	- - 366,311	\$	- - (141,383)	\$	7,785,461 7,798,737 11,473,908 7,910,813	
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	37,743,991	\$	366,311	\$	(141,383)	\$	34,968,919	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. CAPITAL ASSETS, continued

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for: Other improvements Buildings Infrastructure Furniture and equipment	\$ (6,134,977) (2,448,518) (6,101,254) (6,058,776)	\$ (401,638) (184,553) (394,065) (673,192)	\$ - - 	\$ (6,536,615) (2,633,071) (6,495,319) (6,590,945)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (20,743,525)	\$ (1,653,448)	\$ 141,023	\$ (22,255,950)
Total capital assets, depreciated, net	\$ 14,000,466	\$ (1,287,137)	\$ (360)	\$ 12,712,969
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 16,132,856	\$ (1,287,137)	\$ (360)	\$ 14,845,359
Business-type activities:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, not depreciated:				
Land Construction in Progress	\$ 462,082 1,495,076	\$ 2,097,455	\$ (1,495,076)	\$
Total capital assets, not depreciated	\$ 1,957,158	\$ 2,097,455	\$ (1,495,076)	\$ 2,559,537
Capital assets, depreciated: Other improvements Buildings Infrastructure Furniture and equipment	\$ 7,938,410 5,660,170 16,712,853 10,483,443	\$ 139,497 	\$ - - - (839,000)	\$ 8,077,907 5,660,170 18,689,608 10,649,759
Total capital assets depreciated	\$ 40,794,876	\$ 3,121,568	\$ (694,071)	\$ 43,077,444
Less accumulated depreciation for: Other improvements Buildings Infrastructure Furniture and equipment	\$ (5,018,898) (961,997) (5,996,828) (7,693,827)	\$ (143,764) (127,209) (498,857) (788,821)	\$ - - - 838,999	\$ (5,162,662) (1,089,206) (6,495,685) (7,643,649)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (19,671,550)	\$ (1,558,651)	\$ 838,999	\$ (20,391,202)
Total capital assets, depreciated, net	\$ 21,123,326	\$ 1,562,917	\$ (1)	\$ 22,686,242
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 23,080,484	\$ 3,660,372	\$ (1,495,077)	\$ 25,245,779

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. CAPITAL ASSETS, continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Government Activities:	
General Government	\$ 279,902
Public Safety	230,058
Public Works	687,293
Culture and Recreation	442,638
Equipment Services	13,557
Total Depreciation Expense-Governmental Activities	\$ 1,653,448
Business-type Activities:	
Water	\$ 270,992
Stormwater	5,556
Wastewater	493,362
Sanitation	43,627
Transit	666,612
Parking Deck	78,502
Total Depreciation Expense-Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,558,651

7. CAPITAL LEASES

The City has several lease agreements which qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes. The leases have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The following is an analysis of assets leased under capital leases:

	Governmental Activities			
Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$	511,881 (401,090)		
Carrying Value	\$	110,791		

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under these capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2016:

Fiscal Year Ending	ernmental ctivities
06/30/2017 06/30/2018	\$ 85,777 85,777
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 171,554
Less interest portion	 (3,848)
Present value of future minimum Lease payments	\$ 167,706

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

The City issued revenue bonds in its business-type activities where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Current

Purpose	Interest Rate	Balance	Portion
2009 Wastewater Fund	1.73 %	\$ 353,942	\$ 35,640
2005 Water A	2.25 %	2,560,576	104,203
2005 Water B	2.25 %	418,188	19,069
2014 Wastewater Fund	2.00 %	1,458,125	91,137
2015 Water	2.00 %	1,826,130	108,349
Total		\$ 6,616,961	\$ 358,398

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds including interest of \$1,121,536 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 358,398	\$ 100,410	\$ 458,808
2018	365,857	95,212	461,069
2019	373,421	89,872	463,293
2020	381,158	84,409	465,567
2021	389,066	106,524	495,590
2022-2026	2,038,942	407,809	2,446,751
2027-2031	1,905,078	192,914	2,097,992
2032-2036	805,041	44,386	849,427
Totals	\$ 6,616,961	\$ 1,121,536	\$ 7,738,497

Water and Wastewater System Revenue Bond Ordinances require the following reserves on the Water and Wastewater Funds retained earnings at June 30, 2016:

	 Water	Wastewater		
Reserve for future principal and interest payments (1) Reserve for operations and maintenance	\$ 149,830 206,070	\$	29,913 253,835	
Reserve for depreciation	175,041		779,193	
Reserve for contingency Less: Cash reserved	1,000 (418,155)		1,000 (201,740)	
Total	\$ 113,786	\$	862,201	

Operating revenues of the Water and Wastewater Funds will be used to repay the outstanding revenue bond indebtedness.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. LONG-TERM DEBT, continued

General obligation bonds are issued in the governmental activities to provide funding for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Bonds issued and the amounts outstanding at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Bond	Interest	Balance
Purpose	Proceeds	<u>Rate</u>	6/30/16
Fire Substation Land	\$ 360,000	2.220 %	\$ 200,000
Various Capital Projects	5,000,000	4.810 %	620,000
Various Capital Projects	3,000,000	3.790 %	325,936
Various Capital Projects	1,200,000	1.060%	402,000
Totals	\$ 9,560,000		\$ 1,547,936

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds including interest of \$50,977 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		<u>Int</u>	<u>erest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2017 2018	\$	1,448,216 99,720	\$	49,467 1,510	\$	1,497,683 101,230	
Totals	\$	1,547,936	\$	50,977	\$	1,598,913	

Property taxes will be used to pay debt service principal and interest as it becomes due. The City has pledged its full faith and credit as collateral for the general obligation bonds. The City is not obligated for any special assessment debt.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 2,904,253	\$ -	\$ (1,356,317)	\$ 1,547,936	\$ 1,448,216
Capital Leases	643,861	-	(476,155)	167,706	83,227
Compensated Absences	439,864	285,483	(251,604)	473,743	 224,570
Governmental Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 3,987,978	\$ 285,483	\$ (2,084,076)	\$ 2,189,385	\$ 1,756,013
Business-Type Activities:				à.	
Revenue Bonds	\$ 4,708,340	\$ 2,154,658	\$ (246,037)	\$ 6,616,961	\$ 358,398
Compensated Absences	169,225	133,762	 (105,551)	197,436	 102,368
Business-Type Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 4,877,565	\$ 2,288,420	\$ (351,588)	\$ 6,814,397	\$ 460,766

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Due to/from funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Water	General	\$ 1,441,552
Wastewater	General	2,166,126
Stormwater	General	158,471
Sanitation	General	173,892
Transit	General	1,478,475
Parking Deck	General	522,903
Debt Service	General	22,100
Non-major Governmental Funds	General	5,342,714
Total		\$ 11,306,233

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from all operating cash being recorded in the General Fund.

Interfund transfers are as follows:

Governmental Funds		Transfers In		Transfers Out	Net Transfers
General Fund: Water Fund	\$		\$	25,250	
Stormwater Fund	Ŷ		φ	634,159	
Wastewater Fund		-		119,008	
Non-major Governmental		265,800		140,000	
Total General Fund	\$	265,800	\$	918,417	
Debt Service Fund:					
Non-major Governmental	\$	1,235,952	\$	-	
Non-major Governmental:					
General Fund	\$	140,000	\$	265,800	
Debt Service Fund		-		1,102,952	
Water Fund		-		141,764	
Wastewater Fund		-		77,062	
Parking Deck Fund		-		44,000	
Non-major Governmental		359,500		492,500	
Total Non-major Governmental	\$	499,500	\$	2,124,078	
Total Governmental Fund Transfers	\$	2,001,252	\$	3,042,495	\$ (1,041,243)
Proprietary Funds					
Water:					
General Fund	\$	25,250	\$	-	
Non-Major Governmental		141,764		-	
Total Water Fund	\$	167,014	\$	-	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS, continued

		Transfers In		Transfers Out	Net Transfers
Stormwater Fund: General Fund	¢	634,159	¢		
General Fund		034,159	<u>_</u> \$		
Wastewater Fund:					
General Fund	\$	119,008	\$	-	
Non-major Governmental		77,062		-	
Total Wastewater Fund Transfers	\$	196,070	\$	-	
Parking Deck Fund:					
Non-major Governmental	\$	44,000	\$	-	
Total Proprietary Fund Transfers	\$	1,041,243	\$	-	\$ 1,041,243

Transfers are used to 1. Move funds collected for debt service principal and interest payments, 2. Move amounts to help pay loan costs attributable to that fund, 3. Reallocate capital project funds not spent due to projects being completed under budget and 4. Move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance programs of the government accounted for in the other funds.

10. FIRE SERVICES AGREEMENT

On March 21, 2016 the City of Clemson renewed its contract with Clemson University for the University to provide fire protection services to the City. The contract was for one year beginning July 1, 2016.

Under the terms of the contract the City is to pay the University an annual fee in three installments. The University shall own and maintain all fire suppression equipment and tools and shall assume responsibility for all full-time, paid firefighters. The City shall be responsible for providing a certified State Resident Fire Marshall. During the current period the City paid \$775,000 for fire suppression services.

For the performance of the one year, the City is to pay to Clemson University compensation as follows:

> For the year ending: July

2017:

April 3, 2017 Total Payment	\$ <u>310,000</u> 825,000
January 2, 2017	270,000
August 1, 2016	\$ 245,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Plan Description

The City participates in the State of South Carolina's retirement plans, which are administered by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority ("PEBA"), which was created on July 1, 2012 and administers the various retirement systems and retirement programs managed by its Retirement Division. PEBA has an 11 member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the systems and the trust funds. By law, the Budget and Control Board, which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the funding of the Systems and serves as a co-trustee of the Systems in conducting that review. PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Retirement Systems' Pension Trust funds. The CAFR is publicly available on the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, PO Box 11960, Columbia, SC 29211-1960. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

The South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS"), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for the employees of the state, its public school districts, and political subdivisions.

The South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System ("PORS"), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1962 pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for police officers and firemen of the state and its political subdivisions.

Plan Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A summary of the requirements of each system is listed below.

SCRS – Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a class Three member.

PORS – To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; or to serve as a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

Plan Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefits terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and the average final compensation. A summary of benefits terms for each system is presented here.

SCRS – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfving the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

PORS – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty. The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

Plan Contributions

Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. The PEBA Board may increase the SCRS employer and employee contribution rates on the basis of the actuarial valuations, but any such increase may not result in a differential between the employee and employer contribution rate that exceeds 2.9% of earnable compensation for SCRS. An increase in the contribution rates adopted by the board may not provide for an increase of more than one-half of one percent in any one year. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute or the rates last adopted by the board are insufficient to maintain a thirty year amortization schedule of the unfunded liabilities of the plans, the board shall increase the contributions rates in equal percentage amounts for the employer and employee as necessary to maintain the thirty-year amortization period; and this increase is not limited to one-half of one percent per year.

As noted above, both employee and the City are required to contribute to the Plans at rates established and as amended by the PEBA. The City's contributions are actuarially determined, but are communicated to and paid by the City as a percentage of the employees' annual eligible compensation as follows for the past three years:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

	SCRS Rates			PORS Rates		
	2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016
Employer Rate:						
Retirement*	10.45%	10.45%	10.91%	12.44%	13.01%	13.34%
Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
Accidental Death Contributions	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
	10.60%	10.60%	11.06%	12.84%	13.41%	13.74%
Employee Rate	7.50%	8.0%	8.16%	7.84%	8.41%	8.74%

SCRS Three-Year Trend Information

Total	Covered	Employer	Actual %
Payroll	Payroll	Contribution	Contributed
4,888,129	4,888,129	518,142	10.600%
5,094,900	5,094,900	555,344	10.900%
5,418,894	5,418,894	599,330	11.060%
	<u>Payroll</u> 4,888,129 5,094,900	PayrollPayroll4,888,1294,888,1295,094,9005,094,900	Payroll Payroll Contribution 4,888,129 4,888,129 518,142 5,094,900 5,094,900 555,344

PORS Three-Year Trend Information

	Total	Covered	Employer	Actual %
Year Ending	Payroll	<u>Payroll</u>	Contribution	Contributed
6-30-14	1,519,121	1,519,121	195,055	12.840%
6-30-15	1,666,296	1,666,296	223,450	13.410%
6-30-16	1,672,797	1,672,797	229,842	13.740%

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows or Resources Related to Pensions

The most recent annual actuarial valuation reports adopted by the PEBA Board and Budget and Control Board are as of July 1, 2014. The net pension liability of each defined benefit pension plan was therefore determined based on the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuations, using membership data as of July 1, 2014, projecting forward to the end of the fiscal year, and financial information of the pension trust funds as of June 30, 2015, using generally accepted actuarial procedures. Information included in the following schedules is based on the certification provided by PEBA's consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company.

The net pension liability ("NPL") is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that system's fiduciary net position. For the year ended June 30,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

2015, NPL amounts and the change in NPL amounts for SCRS and PORS are as follows:

System	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension	
SCRS	\$44,097,310,230	\$25,131,828,101	\$18,965,482,129	57.0%	
PORS	6,151,321,222	3,971,824,838	2,179,496,384	64.6%	

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$13,237,102 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities which comprise SCRS plan \$10,305,635 and PORS plan \$2,931,466. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liabilities for the plans used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation report of July 1, 2014 that was projected forward to the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating South Carolina state and local governmental employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the City's SCRS proportion was 0.054339 percent, which was equal to its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014. At June 30, 2015, the City's PORS proportion was 0.13450 percent, which was equal to its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense on its government-wide financial statements of \$1,062,987, consisting of \$766,440 for SCRS and \$296,547 for the PORS. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

Description		Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	183.097	\$ 18,430
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on			10,100
Pension plan investments		68,981	-
Deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and			
Differences between employer contributions & proportionat	е		
Share of total plan employer contributions		56,440	-
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		599,330	-
Total SCRS	\$	907,848	\$ 18,430

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

Total SCRS and PORS	\$	1,362,807	\$ 18,430
Total PORS	\$	454,959	\$
City's contributions subsequent to	the measurement date	229,842	-
Share of total plan employer contri	butions	134,939	-
Deferred amounts from changes ir Differences between employer cor	proportionate share and		
Net Difference between projecte pension plan investments		32,075	-
PORS Differences between expected and		58,103	\$ -

\$599,330 and \$229,842 that were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date to the SCRS and PORS, respectively, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the SCRS and PORS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	SCRS	PORS	Total
2017	\$ 61,959	\$ 44,664	\$ 106,623
2018	61,959	44,664	106,623
2019	(932)	42,098	41,166
2020	167,101	93,690	260,791
Total	\$ 290,087	\$ 225,116	\$ 515,203

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined during the valuation process are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. The last experience study was performed on data through June 30, 2010, and the next experience study is scheduled to be conducted after the June 30, 2015 annual valuation is complete.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial cost method and assumptions used in the July 1, 2014, valuations for SCRS and PORS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

	SCRS	PORS
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment Rate of		
Return	7.5%	7.5%
Salary increases	Levels off at 3.5%	Levels off at 4.0%
Includes inflation at	2.75%	2.75%
Benefits adjustments	Lesser of 1% or \$500	Lesser of 1% or \$500

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. This assumption includes base rates which are automatically adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2000.

Former job class	Males	Females	
Educators and judges	RP-2000 Males (with white RP-2000 Females (with collar adjustment) multiplies by collar adjustment) multiplies 110% 95%		
General employees and members of the General Assembly Public safety, firefighters, and members of the South Carolina National Guard	RP-2000 Males multiplied by 100% RP-2000 Males (with blue collar adjustment) multiplied by 115%	RP-2000 Females multiplied by 90% RP-2000 Females (with blue collar adjustment) multiplied by 115%	

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for actuarial purposes is based upon the 30 year capital market outlook at the end of the third quarter 2012. The actuarial long-term expected rates of return represent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class and were developed in coordination with the investment consultant for the Retirement System Investment Commission ("RSIC") using a building block approach, reflecting observable inflation and interest rate information available in the fixed income markets as well as Consensus Economic forecasts. The actuarial long-term assumptions for other asset classes are based on historical results, current market characteristics and professional judgment.

The RSIC has exclusive authority to invest and manage the retirement trust funds' assets. As co-fiduciary of the Systems, statutory provisions and governance policies allow the RSIC to operate in a manner consistent with a long-term investment time horizon. The expected real rates of investment return, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted annually by the RSIC. For actuarial purposes, the long-term expected rate of return is calculated by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and then adding the actuarial expected inflation which is summarized in the table below. For actuarial purposes, the 7.5% assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

the total pension liability includes a 4.75% real rate of return and a 2.75% inflation component.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Short Term	5%		
Cash	2%	1.90	0.04
Short Duration	3%	2.00	0.06
Domestic Fixed Income	13%		
Core Fixed Income	7%	2.70	0.19
Mixed Credit	6%	3.80	0.23
Global Fixed Income	9%		
Global Fixed Income	3%	2.80	0.08
Emerging Markets Debt	6%	5.10	0.31
Global Public Equity	31%	7.10	2.20
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	10%	4.90	0.49
Alternatives	32%		
Hedge Funds (Low Beta)	8%	4.30	0.34
Private Debt	7%	9.90	0.69
Private Equity	9%	9.90	0.89
Real Estate (Broad Market)	5%	6.00	0.30
Commodities	3%	5.90	0.18
Total Expected Real Return	100%		6.00
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes			2.75
Total Expected Nominal Return			8.75

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina State Carolina Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, each System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the sensitivity of net pension liability of the Plan as of June 30, 2015 to changes in the discount rate, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.5%) or 1% point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

System	1%	Decrease (6.5%)	Curren	t Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the SCRS City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the	\$	12,992,484	\$	10,305,653	\$ 8,053,748
PORS	\$	3,993,341	\$	2,931,466	\$ 1,982,207

11. EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

Plans' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plans administered by PEBA is available in the separately issued CAFR containing financial statements and required supplementary information for SCRS and PORS. The CAFR of the Pension Trust Funds is publicly available on PEBA's Retirement Benefits' website at <u>www.retirement.sc.gov</u>, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, PO Box 11960, Columbia, SC 29211-1960.

12. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The amounts of any excess of expenditures over appropriations, at the legal level of control, are as follows: Variances were approved by council.

General Fund	Ļ	Appropriations	F	Expenditures
Current Operating	-		-	<u>apprintence</u>
Municipal Court	\$	321,153	\$	352,386
Administration		668,464		677.881
Finance		225,365		235,340
Public Buildings		380,131		381,199
Public Works				001,100
Administration		248,008		251,429
Culture and Recreation		763,749		776,492
Equipment Services		158,078		162,025
Debt Service-Principal		170,600		171,255
Debt Service Fund				
Debt Service				
Principal		1,356,305		1,356,318
Non-major Governmental Funds				
Emergency Phone System				
Public Safety		59,060		61,197
Tourism				01,101
Tourism - Tourism Related		135,000		173,397

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS, continued

Non-major Governmental Funds	Appropriations	E	Expenditures
Hospitality Fee		1.0	
Public Safety	\$ 80,000	\$	81,128
Culture and Recreation	191,561		205,887
Capital Outlay	55,000		55,987
Debt Service-Principal	81,990		81,995
Hospitality Tax			
Culture and Recreation	145,000		321,359
Capital Outlay	-		16,445
Tourism-Tourism Related	118,500		206,532
Local Accommodations Tax			
Culture and Recreation	-		64,142
Tourism-Tourism Related	50,000		69,015

13. JOINT VENTURE

The City of Clemson entered into a joint venture in 1978 with the Town of Pendleton to construct and operate a waste water treatment facility. The joint venture is accounted for in the City of Clemson's Wastewater Fund under the equity method of accounting.

The investment qualifies under GASB Statement No. 14 as a joint venture with the following characteristics:

- Contractual entity a joint venture must be an organization that results from a contractual agreement.
- Separate status The Pendleton/Clemson Waste Treatment Facility operates as a separate and specific activity.
- Joint control The facility is owned and operated by the Town of Pendleton, the City of Clemson and Anderson County through a board appointed by the entities.
- Ongoing financial relationship Each of the entities has both an ongoing financial interest and an ongoing financial responsibility.

A substantial portion of the original costs of construction of the facility (75%) was funded through Environmental Protection Agency grants. The remainder of the construction costs (25%) and the cost of collector loans were funded through individual loans by the City of Clemson and the Town of Pendleton from the Farmers Home Administration. The Town of Pendleton obtained a loan in the amount of \$948,300 repayable over a forty-year period at 5 percent. Both the proportionate assets of the system and the debt are included in the Town of Pendleton's financial statement. The City of Clemson also financed its share of construction costs with a Farmer's Home Administration loan. Assets constructed both with EPA grants and the FmHA loan

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. JOINT VENTURE, continued

include plant facility and collector lines which are included in the financial statements of the Wastewater Fund.

At June 30, 2016 the City's Wastewater Fund had total assets of \$16,437,319 and total liabilities of \$3,565,633.

The financial activity of the joint facility operated by the Town of Pendleton is included in the Town of Pendleton's financial statements and is audited by the Town's independent auditors. A copy of the financial statement may be obtained from the Town of Pendleton.

Total treatment plant capacity is two million gallons of sewage waste per day. Clemson has access to one million gallons of capacity. The City has leased 200,000 gallons per day to Anderson County. The original agreement was for four years and ended on June 30, 2005. The agreement includes automatic one-year renewals unless either the municipality or the County needs additional capacity or the treatment plant's capacity is expanded.

The facility operates on a fiscal year ending June 30. Prior year summary financial information is as follows:

Total Assets	\$ 6,463,475
Total Liabilities	1,515,357
Total Equity	4,948,118
Total Operating Revenues	999,792
Total Operating Expenses	732,512
Operating Income	267,280

The City records its investment in joint ventures under the equity method of accounting for investments. The current balance in investments in joint venture is \$3,618,387 which includes a \$34,580 contribution towards debt on new capacity, \$26,525 of amortization of the difference of the cost of the investment and the value of the underlying assets, and \$(41,319) of current year net loss as follows:

Carrying Value, 6/30/15 Current year income (loss)	\$ 3,651,651 (41,319)	*	
Net value of underlying assets	\$ 3,610,332 (2,471,559)	\$	3,610,332
Difference	\$ 1,138,773		
Amortization - SL over 40 years Contribution towards debt on new capacity			(26,525) 34,580
Carrying Value, 6/30/16		\$	3,618,387

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. JOINT VENTURE, continued

The Municipalities pay their proportionate share of operations and maintenance costs determined by respective percentages of influent flow. They also set rates based upon their individual utility needs. The governing body consists of 3 members, 2 from Pendleton and 1 from Clemson. They are responsible for establishing annual budgets based on the rates set by the Municipalities, issuance of financial statements and other relevant financial activities. The Town of Pendleton is responsible for the proper operations and maintenance of the Pendleton/Clemson Waste Treatment Facility. An initial operating fund of \$15,000 was established - \$10,000 from Pendleton and \$5,000 from Clemson. Additional operating funds will be contributed in accordance with usage ratios.

The operating staff consists of Town of Pendleton employees except staff position # 2.

- 1. Chief Operator.
- 2. Operator/Lab Technician...paid by the City of Clemson
- 3. Operator
- 4. Maintenance Technician

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss from theft, natural disasters, accidental damage to assets, errors and omissions, and tort liabilities. The City participates in a pooled risk management program through the South Carolina Municipal Insurance and Risk Financing Fund to cover the risk of such losses. Job related accidents are insured through workers' compensation insurance provided through the South Carolina Municipal Insurance Trust.

Premiums are paid annually to purchase such policies and any claims are filed with the carriers. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from prior years and no settlements have exceeded insurance coverage within the prior three fiscal years. No unasserted claims exist as of the balance sheet date and no liabilities are recorded in the financial statements.

15. LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

Citizens and residents of the City of Clemson and Pickens County approved by referendum a 1% local option sales tax beginning May 1995. Property owners are given tax credits on property tax notices issued in September payable by January 15th. The total amount of the revenues collected is applied to a rollback of county and municipal taxes. The City received \$1,537,036 during the current year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

16. HOSPITALITY ORDINANCE

Beginning on January 1, 1997, the City adopted a 1% hospitality fee to be charged on gross proceeds derived from the sale of all food and beverages served by a restaurant, hotel, motel, or other food service facility within the City (including prepared foods of grocery and convenience stores). Beginning on September 1, 2003, the City adopted an additional 1% hospitality tax under the same guidelines as the hospitality fee. The funds are to be used for the preservation, maintenance, and development of the City of Clemson; acquisition of lands and construction of passive and active parks;

enhancement of existing infrastructures; acquisition of capital equipment for law enforcement and public safety, and costs to preserve the general health, safety and welfare of the citizens of, and visitors to, the City of Clemson. During the year the City received \$695,474 of hospitality fees and \$695,474 of hospitality taxes.

17. CENTRAL / CLEMSON RECREATION FACILITY

The City of Clemson entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Town of Central to develop a plan for the joint funding, construction, operation and use of a multi-purpose recreational and athletic facility; and an Agreement for Contribution and for Shared Use and Governance with the Town of Central. The location of the facility is within the Town of Central and is a component unit of Central. All construction costs and related construction management are the responsibility of the Town of Central.

Clemson's contribution to the facility in the form of intergovernmental expenditures are recorded in a capital projects fund and were funded by a General Obligation bond issue of \$700,000 and various equity transfers and grant applications. The facility is operated by the Town of Central with shared usage. Clemson is charged for its share of the annual operating costs.

18. CLEMSON REDEVELOPMENT PLAN / CAPITAL PROJECTS

On December 21, 1998, the City passed an ordinance establishing and approving a plan for the redevelopment of portions of the City of Clemson pursuant to the "City of Clemson Redevelopment Plan", dated October 16, 1998. The plan provides for a comprehensive program for redevelopment of identified areas of the City. The planned expenditures for public improvements totaling approximately \$9,402,000 will be funded with proceeds from Tax Increment Bonds of the City to be issued from time to time as permitted by the Act (Tax Increment Financing Plan. Sections 31-6-10 to 31-6-120 of the South Carolina Code of Laws 1976, as amended). The amount of indebtedness to be supported by tax increment financing will include up to \$8,000,000 of Tax Increment Bonds of the City. The Tax Increment Fund (TIF) was established to record property taxes received under the redevelopment plan. During the year, the City received \$1,138,145 in TIF designated property taxes. The City transferred \$1,102,952 to the Debt Service Fund during the current year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18. CLEMSON REDEVELOPMENT PLAN / CAPITAL PROJECTS, continued

The City's total issue of \$8,000,000 for various capital projects is detailed below.

Project		Original	<u>Amended</u>
Keowee Trail	\$	840,000	\$ 840,000
College Avenue Phase IV		350,000	550,000
US 123 / SC 133 Connector		300,000	-
Hwy 123 Streetscape		1,155,000	1,155,000
Hwy 93 Gateway Park		250,000	250,000
Downtown Parking Deck		2,810,000	2,810,000
Catherine Smith Plaza		325,000	325,000
Morrison Annex		1,300,000	1,400,000
Tax Increment Financing Fee		20,000	20,000
City Hall Expansion	0	650,000	 650,000
Total	\$	8,000,000	\$ 8,000,000

19. JOINT MUNICIPAL WATER SYSTEM

On March 18, 2002 the City entered into a Water Sale and Purchase Agreement with the Anderson Regional Joint Water System. The City participates as a member with various other governmental entities and water districts. The agreement calls for the right to purchase up to 2.02 million gallons per day of potable water.

In exchange for the rights to receive water, the City pays monthly amounts based on debt amortization, capital charges, depreciation charges and operating costs of the system. The system facilities are owned solely by the Anderson Regional Joint Water System and no assets or liabilities are recorded on the books of The City of Clemson.

On November 15, 2005 the City agreed to an amendment to the original agreement. The amendment calls for the City to have the ability to purchase an additional 2.74 million gallons per day to bring their total capacity under this agreement to 4.76 million gallons per day. At the same time the City entered into an agreement to provide the Town of Central up to .4 million gallons per day in Potable Water without impairing Clemson's ability to satisfy its own demand.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

20. FUND BALANCES

Fund balances of the Governmental Funds at June 30, 2016 are broken down as follows:

	<u>General</u>	10000000	Service Fund		Other vernmental Funds	<u>Total</u>
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
General Obligation Debt	\$ -	\$	28,862	\$	69,243	\$ 98,105
City Development -	-		-		2,256,999	2,256,999
Enhance Infrastructure						
Community	-		-		373,451	373,451
Redevelopment						
Emergency Phone	-		-		156,673	156,673
System						,
Tourism Promotion	1 <u>1</u>		-		812,153	812,153
Comm Dev – L-T	-		-		238,822	238,822
Receivables						,
Berkeley Drive	-		-		523,341	523,341
Pedestrian Bridge						
Committed for:						
Duke Power	331,746		*		-	331,746
Underground Power						001,110
Assigned to:						
Purchases on Order	82,362				164.894	247.256
Park Land Acquisition	-		2		174.854	174,854
Unassigned:	5,195,722		-		-	 5,195,722
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$5,609,830	\$	28,862	9	\$ 4,770,430	\$ 10,409,122

21. DATE OF MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

In preparing the financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through January 16, 2017, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

22. CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The City has the following construction commitments at June 30, 2016:

Highway 123 Retaining Wall	\$ 57,314
Fire Substation Design	19,600
Cochran Road Lab/Office Design	8,000
Berkeley Drive Pedestrian Bridge	 108,700

\$ 193,614

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

23. SELF INSURANCE PROGRAM

On January 1,2016 the City entered into a health and welfare benefit plan with Planned Administrators, Inc. for the purpose of administering a self insurance health plan. The agreement with Planned Administrators, Inc. was for the calendar year ending December 31, 2016. The plan qualifies as a Section 125 plan under IRS code. Claims within the 12 month contract period are paid within 15 months. The City has set a specific stop-loss limit of \$50,000 per covered participant. Munich RE is then the carrier which assumes responsibility for claims greater than \$50,000.

During the year the plan was funded by transfers from various funds of \$170,094 and withholdings from City employees of \$212,230. Additionally, the City budgeted \$524,781 to spend on the plan through June 30, 2016. Plan expenses for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$632,379. Therefore, the City retained \$274,728 to carry over to the next fiscal year.

Full-time and part-time employees who work at least 30 hours per week are eligible to participate in the plan along with their legal spouse and qualifying dependents. The medical plan is a typical 80%-20% plan with deductibles that range from \$2,000 - \$3,500 for individuals and \$4,000 - \$7,000 for a family. The plan includes typical medical expenses including a co-pay for prescriptions. Also included is a dental plan, vision plan and a \$5,000 life insurance benefit for all full-time employees.





SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

	Year Ended June 30,		
	2016	2015	
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.054339%	0.053929%	
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$10,305,635	\$9,057,324	
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$5,418,894	\$5,510,941	
City's Proporionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	190.18%	164.35%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	57.00%	59.92%	

Notes to Schedule:

Only the two fiscal years are present because ten year data is not yet available.

**The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the fiscal year ending June 30th, of the preceding year.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Year Ended June 30,			
		2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	599,330	\$	555,344
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution:	-	599,330		555,344
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-
City of Clemson Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	5,418,894	\$	5,510,941
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		11.06%		10.08%

Notes to Schedule: Only the two fiscal years are present because ten year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

	Year Ended June 30,		
	2016	2015	
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.134500%	0.126300%	
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$2,931,466	\$2,645,461	
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$1,672,797	\$1,604,176	
City's Proporionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	175.24%	164.91%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	64.60%	67.55%	

Notes to Schedule:

Only the two fiscal years are present because ten year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Year Ende	d Jun	ie 30,
	 2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 229,842	\$	223,450
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution:	 229,842		223,450
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$	
City of Clemson Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 1,672,797	\$	1,604,176
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	13.74%		13.93%

Notes to Schedule:

Only the two fiscal years are present because ten year data is not yet available.





NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds -- used to account for the proceeds of specific revenues that are restricted for specific expenditures other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects.

The **Community Development Fund** is used to account for the financial and compliance requirements of various funding sources for the betterment of the community as a whole.

The **Emergency Phone System Fund** was established to account for the revenues derived from charges assessed on phone subscribers within the City's boundaries to fund the operation of the emergency 911 system.

The **Tourism Fund** is established to account for the revenues derived from accommodations taxes and the expenditures to promote tourism.

The **Park Land Fund** is used to accumulate monies to purchase various real properties for park development within the City. Revenues for the fund will be from property taxes.

The **Hospitality Fee Fund** and **Hospitality Tax Fund** is used to account for collection of a gross proceeds tax on the sale of all food and beverages by certain businesses within the City. The proceeds of these funds are to be used for the preservation, maintenance, and the development of the City of Clemson; acquisition of lands and construction of passive and active parks; acquisition of capital equipment for public safety enhancement of existing infrastructures, and the costs to forefend the general health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of, and the visitors to, the City of Clemson.

The **Local Accommodations Tax Fund** was established to receive a tax on every person engaged or continuing in the business of furnishing accommodations to transients within the jurisdiction of the City of Clemson. The revenue generated by the tax will be used exclusively for tourism-related expenditures within the City.

The **Tax Increment Fund** was established to receive and to record property taxes pursuant to an ordinance established for a comprehensive plan for redevelopment to certain identified areas within the City and to accumulate funds for authorization of future indebtedness from the issuance of Tax Increment Bonds of the City.

Capital Projects Fund -- established to account for major capital projects funded by issuance of general obligation bonds, tax increment bonds, and other financing sources.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2016

		Special Revenue		Capital Projects	Total
Assets	-				
Receivables (Net of Allowance)					
Property Taxes	\$	16,242	\$	-	\$ 16,242
Accounts		360,724		-	360,724
Due from Other Governmental Units		371,557		-	371,557
Due from Other Funds		4,738,418		632,041	5,370,459
Inventory		10,660	_	-	 10,660
Total Assets	\$	5,497,601	\$	632,041	\$ 6,129,642
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$	127,393	\$		\$ 127,393
Due to Other Funds		27,746		-	27,746
Due to Other Governmental Units		1,188,502		-	 1,188,502
Total Liabilities	\$	1,343,641	\$	-	\$ 1,343,641
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	15,571	\$	-	\$ 15,571
Fund Balances					
Restricted		4,082,195		523,341	4,605,536
Assigned		56,194		108,700	 164,894
Total Fund Balances	\$	4,138,389	\$	632,041	\$ 4,770,430
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,497,601	\$	632,041	\$ 6,129,642

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	-	Special Revenue		Capital Projects		Total
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$	1,161,516	\$	-	\$	1,161,516
Local Option Sales Tax		8,624		-		8,624
Local Accomodations Tax		278,432		-		278,432
Hospitality Fees/Tax		1,390,948		-		1,390,948
Intergovernmental		241,447		-		241,447
Charges for Services		41,215		-		41,215
Investment Earnings		62,931		8,765		71,696
Other Revenues		134,097	-	-	-	134,097
Total Revenues	\$	3,319,210	\$	8,765	\$	3,327,975
Expenditures						
Current Operating						
Public Safety		151,949		-		151,949
Public Works		171,636		-		171,636
Urban Redevelopment		27,665		-		27,665
Culture and Recreation Debt Service		591,388				591,388
Principal		304,900		-		304,900
Interest		11,936		-		11,936
Capital Outlay		72,432		-		72,432
Intergovernmental						
Tourism - Promotion		82,000		-		82,000
Tourism - Tourism Related		457,185		-		457,185
Total Expenditures	\$	1,871,091	\$	-	\$	1,871,091
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	1,448,119	\$	8,765	\$	1,456,884
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In	\$	499,500	\$	-	\$	499,500
Transfers Out	_	(2,124,078)		-		(2,124,078)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(1,624,578)	\$	-	\$	(1,624,578)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(176,459)	\$	8,765	\$	(167,694)
Fund Balances, Beginning		4,314,848		623,276	-	4,938,124
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	4,138,389	\$	632,041	\$	4,770,430

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2016

	Community Development		Emergency		Tourism	Par	Park Land	Hos	Hospitality Fee	Nos	Hospitality Tax	Acco	Local Accom Tax Ed		TIF		Total
Assets	Fund	1	system rund		Luna	1	Luna	-	Duni		nin						0.000
Receivables (Net of Allowance) Property Taxes	s			63		63	2,173	64		69	-	69	-	\$	14,069	\$	16,242
Accounts Due from Other Governmental Units	279,872	°.	3.910		50.814		1.049		-		-		-		315,784		371,557
Due from Other Funds	384,883	83	152,923		•		173,134		698,701	1	1,626,565	7	760,251		941,961		4,738,418
Inventory	10,660	990			.		1		.		1		1		•		10,660
Total Assets	\$ 615,398	398	\$ 159,078	63	52,417	5	176,356	\$	748,490	5	1,686,566	63	787,482	s	1,271,814	s	5,497,601
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities																	
Accounts and Vouchers Payable	s		\$ 2,405	63		63	•	\$	3,564	63	121,424	\$	٠	63	•	69	127,393
Due to Other Funds					27,746		٠		•		•		•		ı		27,746
Due to Other Governmental Units		•			•		'		'		'		•		1,188,502		1,188,502
Total Liabilities	\$	•]	\$ 2,405	\$	27,746	65	'	69	3,564	s	121,424	63	.	\$	1,188,502	5	1,343,641
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	s	•		69	•	63	1,502	s	.	\$	•	\$.	63	14,069	63	15,571
Fund Balances Restricted Assigned	\$ 612,273 3,125	12,273 3,125	\$ 156,673 -	63	24,671	63	174,854	63	741,051 3,875	65	1,515,948 49,194	53	787,482	\$	69,243 -	\$	4,082,195 56,194
Total Fund Balances	\$ 615,398	398	\$ 156,673	69	24,671	s	174,854	69	744,926	63	1,565,142	\$	787,482	\$	69,243	5	4,138,389
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$	\$ 615,398	398	\$ 159,078	63	52,417	\$	176,356	\$	748,490	69.	1,686,566	\$	787,482	\$	1,271,814	\$	5,497,601

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Community	Emergency			Hospitality	Hospitality	Local			
	Development Fund	Phone System Fund	Fund	Park Land Fund	Fee Fund	Fund	Accom Tax Fund	Fund	Total 6/30/16	9
Revenues Property Taxes Local Option Sales Tax Local AccommodationsTax Hospitality Fees/Tax Intergovernmental Other Revenues Charges for Services Investment Earnings	\$	5 5 31,810 2,941 41,215 1,918	\$ 209,637 209,6637 209,5637 209,5637 200,5637 200,5637 200,5637 200,5637 200,5637 200,5637 200,5637 200,5637 200,572 2	\$ 23,371 8,624 - 3,243 2,113	\$	5	\$	\$ 1,138,145 \$ 1,138,145 \$,543 \$,543 5,569	5 1,161,516 8,624 8,624 1,390,948 1,290,948 134,097 134,097 62,931	61,516 8,624 8,624 990,948 941,447 34,097 41,215 62,931
Total Revenues	\$ 30,359	\$ 77,884	\$ 210,545	\$ 37,351	\$ 721,393	\$ 784,442	\$ 304,979	\$ 1,152,257	\$ 3,319,210	210
Expenditures Current Operating General Government Public Safety Public Works Urban Redevelopment Culture and Recreation	\$	\$ 61,197	ч ч ч ч ч ч Ф	••••	\$ 81,128 6,478 5,687 55,987	\$ 9,624 165,158 321,359 16,445	\$ - - 64,142	· · · · · ·	\$ 151,949 171,636 27,665 591,388 72,432	- 151,949 27,665 21,388 591,388 72,432
mergovernmenen Tourism - Promotion Tourism - Tourism Related Debt Service			82,000 173,397		8,241	206,532			82,000 457,185	82,000 157,185
Principal Interest	••	* *	•••	••	81,995 3,782	222,905 8,154	• •	x x	304,900 11,936	900 936
Total Expenditures	\$ 27,665	\$ 61,197	\$ 255,397	' \$	\$ 443,498	\$ 950,177	\$ 133,157	' \$	\$ 1,871,091	091
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 2,694	\$ 16,687	\$ (44,852)	\$ 37,351	\$ 277,895	\$ (165,735)	\$ 171,822	\$ 1,152,257	\$ 1,448,119	119
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out	s i s	s.	s	, , sa	\$ 27,500 (533,000)	\$ 472,000 (351,826)	\$ (136,300)	\$ (1,102,952)	\$ 499,500 (2,124,078)	500 078)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	' \$	\$	<u>د</u>	s -	\$ (505,500)	\$ 120,174	\$ (136,300)	\$ (1,102,952)	\$ (1,624,578)	578)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 2,694	\$ 16,687	\$ (44,852)	\$ 37,351	\$ (227,605)	\$ (45,561)	\$ 35,522	\$ 49,305	\$ (176,459)	459)
Fund Balances, Beginning	612,704	139,986	69,523	137,503	972,531	1,610,703	751,960	19,938	4,314,848	848
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 615,398	\$ 156,673	\$ 24,671	\$ 174,854	\$ 744,926	\$ 1,565,142	\$ 787,482	\$ 69,243	\$ 4,138,389	389

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 Budget		Actual	 ariance
Revenues Investment Earnings Other Revenues	\$ 5,500 80,000	\$	11,981 18,378	\$ 6,481 (61,622)
Total Revenues	\$ 85,500	\$	30,359	\$ (55,141)
Expenditures Current Operating Urban Redevelopment Rehabilitation	\$ 80,000	\$	27,665	\$ 52,335
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 5,500	\$	2,694	\$ (2,806)
Fund Balance, Beginning	 612,704	-	612,704	 -
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 618,204	\$	615,398	\$ (2,806)

EMERGENCY PHONE SYSTEM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2	Budget	 Actual	Va	ariance
Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	40,700	\$ 41,215	\$	515
Intergovernmental		26,960	31,810		4,850
Investment Earnings		1,225	1,918		693
Other Revenue		-	 2,941	-	2,941
Total Revenues	\$	68,885	\$ 77,884	\$	8,999
Expenditures					
Current Operating					
Public Safety		59,060	 61,197		(2,137)
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	\$	9,825	\$ 16,687	\$	6,862
Fund Balance, Beginning		139,986	 139,986		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	149,811	\$ 156,673	\$	6,862

TOURISM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 Budget	 Actual	 /ariance
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ 201,000	\$ 209,637	\$ 8,637
Investment Earnings	220	2	(218)
Other Revenue	 -	 906	 906
Total Revenues	\$ 201,220	\$ 210,545	\$ 9,325
Expenditures			
Intergovernmental			
Tourism - Promotion	\$ 122,000	\$ 82,000	\$ 40,000
Tourism - Tourism Related	135,000	173,397	 (38,397)
Total Expenditures	\$ 257,000	\$ 255,397	\$ 1,603
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	\$ (55,780)	\$ (44,852)	\$ 10,928
Fund Balance, Beginning	 69,523	 69,523	 -
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 13,743	\$ 24,671	\$ 10,928

PARK LAND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 Budget	 Actual	Va	ariance
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$ 22,692	\$ 23,371	\$	679
Local Option Sales Tax	7,442	8,624		1,182
Investment Earnings	1,400	2,113		713
Other Revenue	 -	 3,243		3,243
Total Revenues	\$ 31,534	\$ 37,351	\$	5,817
Expenditures				
Current Operating				
Capital Outlay	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	\$ 31,534	\$ 37,351	\$	5,817
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 31,534	\$ 37,351	\$	5,817
Fund Balance, Beginning	 137,503	 137,503		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 169,037	\$ 174,854	\$	5,817

HOSPITALITY FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	-	Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues						
Hospitality Fees	\$	620,000	\$	695,474	\$	75.474
Investment Earnings		10,000		10.228		228
Other Revenue		<u> </u>		15,691		15,691
Total Revenues	\$	630,000	\$	721,393	\$	91,393
Expenditures						
Current Operating						
Public Safety	\$	80,000	\$	81,128	\$	(1,128)
Public Works		78,500		6,478		72,022
Culture and Recreation		191,561		205,887		(14,326)
Capital Outlay		55,000		55,987		(987)
Tourism - Tourism Related		30,000		8,241		21,759
Debt Service						10000 (CONTRACTOR)
Principal		81,990		81,995		(5)
Interest		3,800		3,782	-	18
Total Expenditures	\$	520,851	\$	443,498	\$	77,353
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	\$	109,149	\$	277,895	\$	168,746
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfer In	\$	27,500	\$	27,500	\$	-
Transfer Out		(283,000)	_	(533,000)		(250,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(255,500)	\$	(505,500)	\$	(250,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(146,351)	\$	(227,605)	\$	(81,254)
Fund Balance, Beginning		972,531		972,531		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	826,180	\$	744,926	\$	(81,254)

HOSPITALITY TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	-	Budget		Actual	Variance
Revenues					
Hospitality Tax	\$	620,000	\$	695,474	\$ 75,474
Investment Earnings		12,000	1000	20.644	8.644
Other Revenue	-			68,324	 68,324
Total Revenues	\$	632,000	\$	784,442	\$ 152,442
Expenditures					
Current Operating					
Public Safety	\$	9,700	\$	9,624	\$ 76
Public Works		1,268,435		165,158	1,103,277
Culture and Recreation		145,000		321,359	(176,359)
Capital Outlay		-		16.445	(16,445)
Tourism - Tourism Related		118,500		206.532	(88,032)
Debt Service		2			
Principal		222,910		222.905	5
Interest		8,230		8,154	 76
Total Expenditures	\$	1,772,775	\$	950,177	\$ 822,598
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	\$	(1,140,775)	\$	(165,735)	\$ 975,040
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	\$	82,000	\$	472,000	\$ 390.000
Transfers Out		(148,000)		(351,826)	 (203,826)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(66,000)	\$	120,174	\$ 186,174
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(1,206,775)	\$	(45,561)	\$ 1,161,214
Fund Balance, Beginning	-	1,610,703		1,610,703	 -
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	403,928	\$	1,565,142	\$ 1,161,214

LOCAL ACCOMMODATIONS TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	Budget		Actual	 'ariance
Revenues					
Local Accommodations Tax	\$	250,000	\$	278,432	\$ 28,432
Investment Earnings		7,500		10,476	2,976
Other Revenue		-		16,071	 16,071
Total Revenues	\$	257,500	\$	304,979	\$ 47,479
Expenditures					
Intergovernmental					
Culture and Recreation	\$	-	\$	64,142	\$ (64,142)
Tourism - Tourism Related		50,000	-	69,015	 (19,015)
Total Expenditures	\$	50,000	\$	133,157	\$ (83,157)
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	\$	207,500	\$	171,822	\$ (35,678)
Other FinancingSources (Uses)					
Transfer In	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Transfer Out		(131,500)		(136,300)	 (4,800)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(131,500)	\$	(136,300)	\$ (4,800)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	76,000	\$	35,522	\$ (40,478)
Fund Balance, Beginning		751,960		751,960	 -
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	827,960	\$	787,482	\$ (40,478)

TAX INCREMENT FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	÷	Budget	 Actual	V	ariance
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$	1,103,055	\$ 1,138,145	\$	35,090
Investment Earnings		1,000	5,569		4,569
Other Revenue		-	 8,543		8,543
Total Revenues	\$	1,104,055	\$ 1,152,257	\$	48,202
Expenditures					
Current Operating					
General Government	\$		\$ -	\$	-
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	\$	1,104,055	\$ 1,152,257	\$	48,202
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfer Out		(1,103,055)	 (1,102,952)		103
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	1,000	\$ 49,305	\$	48,305
Fund Balance, Beginning		19,938	 19,938		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	20,938	\$ 69,243	\$	48,305

See Notes To Financial Statements

DEBT SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 Budget	 Actual	 ariance
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$ 85,053	\$ 90,720	\$ 5,667
Local Option Sales Tax	29,460	35,051	5,591
Investment Earnings	1,900	4,200	2,300
Other Revenue	 -	 6,444	 6,444
Total Revenues	\$ 116,413	\$ 136,415	\$ 20,002
Expenditures			
Debt Service			
Principal	\$ 1,356,305	\$ 1,356,318	\$ (13)
Interest	 90,590	 90,309	 281
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,446,895	\$ 1,446,627	\$ 268
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	\$ (1,330,482)	\$ (1,310,212)	\$ 20,270
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	 1,236,055	 1,235,952	 (103)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (94,427)	\$ (74,260)	\$ 20,167
Fund Balance, Beginning	 103,122	 103,122	 -
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 8,695	\$ 28,862	\$ 20,167

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BERKELEY DRIVE PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			l	Prior		Gurrent				
		Budget		Years		Year	l	Total	I	Variance
Revenues Federal Aid Intergovernmental Investment Earnings	63	800,000 80,000	63	1,296	\$	8,765	69	- - 10,061	59	
Total Revenues	69	880,000	S	1,296	\$	8,765	69	10,061	63	
Expenditures General Government Streets	4 A	1,506,180	\$	4,200	69	ľ	69	4,200	6	1,501,980
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	63	(626,180)	\$	(2,904)	69	8,765	69	5,861	69	
Other Financing Sources Issuance of Long-Term Debt		626,180		626,180				626,180		
Net Change in Fund Balance	S	•	s	623,276	\$	8,765	69	632,041	69	
Fund Balance, Beginning		•	I	•		623,276		1	I	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	•	\$	623,276	\$	632,041	63	632,041	\$	

Note: 1. The project is budgeted on a project duration basis and is treated as a legal nonappropriated budget.

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CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY SOURCE June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	16		2015
Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 2,1	2,132,390	63	2,132,390
Buildings	7.7	7,798,737		7.798.737
Other Improvements	19.2	19.259.369		19.259.369
Equipment	7,9	7,910,813		7,685,884
Total Capital Assets	\$ 37,1	37,101,309	\$	36,876,380
Investments In Capital Assets				
General Fund	\$ 9.6	9.665.886	59	9.516.002
Proprietary Funds	1	195,822	•	195,822
Special Revenue Funds	4,5	4,574,987		4,506,942
Capital Projects Fund	19,2	19,241,235		19,241,235
Debt Service Fund		5,670		5,670
Donations	2,7	2,787,408		2,780,408
Prior, Unidentified	9	630,301		630,301
Total Investments In Capital Assets	\$ 37.1	37,101,309	6	36 876 380

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Asset Type		Balance 6/30/15	A	dditions	Re	tirements	and a second second	sifications Insfers		Balance 6/30/16
Land									_	
Public Buildings	\$	764,125	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	764,125
Fire		358,160				-		-		358,160
Streets		52,000		-		-		-		52,000
Recreation		954,605						-		954,605
Community Development		3,500		-		-		-		3,500
Total	\$	2,132,390	\$		\$	•	\$	<u> </u>	\$	2,132,390
Buildings										
Public Buildings	\$	7,073,228	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,073,228
Recreation		304,564			3196		0.140	-	1.1.1 P 1.	304,564
Community Development		420,945		-		-		-		420,945
Total	\$	7,798,737	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,798,737
Other Improvements										
Municipal Court	\$	2,126	\$	-	\$	2	\$	-	\$	2,126
Planning		580,227		-				-		580,227
Public Buildings		828,602		-		-		_		828,602
Streets		10,773,557		-		-		_		10,773,557
Recreation		6,919,544				-				6,919,544
Equipment Services		26,493								26,493
Community Development		128,820						-		128,820
Total	\$	19,259,369	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,259,369
Equipment										
Municipal Court	\$	13,607	\$	-	\$		S	-	\$	13,607
Administration	1	25,114	1150			-		-		25,114
Finance		112,955				-		-		112,955
Information Technology		89,954		8,768		-		_		98,722
Planning		147,560		-						147,560
Public Buildings		332,665				_				332,665
Police		1.634,761		88,281		29,152				1.693,890
Fire		1,067,719		00,207		20,102				1,067,719
Streets		766.342		5,481						771,823
Residential Sanitation		2,487,941		207,794		82,992				2,612,743
Public Works Administration		12.641		201,104		02,002				12,641
Recreation		255,051		-		29,239				225,812
Horticulture		449,861		55,987				2		505,848
Equipment Services		285,764		00,007				-		285,764
Community Development		3,950				<u> </u>				3,950
Total	\$	7,685,885	\$	366,311	\$	141,383	\$	-	\$	7,910,813
Total Capital Assets	\$	36,876,381	\$	366,311	\$	141,383	\$	-	\$	37,101,309

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY June 30, 2016

Function & Activity	1	Land		Buildings	Imp	Other Improvements		Equipment	Construction in Progress	ion in ss		Total
General Government Municipal Court	\$		\$		\$	2,126	63	13,607	\$		\$9	15,733
Administration		ī				•	Ċ.	25,114		a .:	6	25,114
Finance		•		•				112,955				112,955
Information Technology				•		•		98,722				98,722
Planning		•		•		580,227		147,560		×		727,787
Public Buildings		764,125		7,073,228		828,602		332,665		1		8,998,620
Total General Government	\$	764,125	53	7,073,228	63	1,410,955	s	730,623	s	1	\$	9,978,931
Public Safety												
Police Fire	s	358,160	\$	• •	\$		\$	1,693,890 1,067,719	s		\$	1,693,890 1,425,879
Total Public Safety	53	358,160	\$3		69		\$	2,761,609	63	'	69.	3,119,769
Public Works												
Streets	63	52,000	69		69	10,773,557	\$	771,823	69	1	69	11,597,380
Residential Sanitation Public Works Administration		• •				• •		2,612,743 12,641				2,612,743 12,641
Total Public Works	69	52,000	69	•	69	10,773,557	\$	3,397,207	5	•	69	14.222.764
Culture & Recreation Recreation Horticulture	s	954,605	63	304,564	\$	6,919,544	\$	225,812 505,848	\$	• •	s	8,404,525 505,848
Culture & Recreation	s	954,605	63	304,564	s	6,919,544	\$	731,660	\$	'	\$	8,910,373
Equipment Services	\$	•	63	•	\$	26,493	69	285,764	\$	•	63	312,257
Community Development	s	3,500	63	420,945	\$	128,820	\$	3,950	\$	•	63	557,215
Total Capital Assets	\$	2,132,390	\$	7,798,737	\$	19,259,369	63	7,910,813	\$		\$	37,101,309

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CITY OF CLEMSON

VICTIM SERVICES SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF FINES AND ASSESSMENTS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Collections: (Municipal Court)		
Fines	\$ 691,188	
Assessments	277,414	
Surcharges	 171,700	
Total Collections		\$ 1,140,302
Retainage: (Municipal Treasurer)		
Fines	\$ 691,188	
Assessments	30,246	
Surcharges	 9,494	
Total Retainage		\$ 730,928
Amounts Remitted:		
State Treasurer - Assessments		\$ 409,374
Amount of Funds Allocated to Victim Services by Fund Source:		
From Assessments and Surcharges (Paid prior to 06/30/2016)		\$ 39,740
Funds Carried Forward to FY 2017 Designated as Victim Right's Funds		\$ -

CITY OF CLEMSON CLEMSON AREA TRANSIT SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			DT 24444 40	Contraction of the second s	Schedule
DMT Contract #		luby 1	PT-3A111-18 , 2012 - June 30, 2	016	
Contract period:	Budget	Section 5311	SMTF*	Local	Variance
Performance period:	Dugot	Coolion Cont	Jul 15 - Jun 16	2000	(analise
		1			
ADMINISTRATION					
Personnel	593,082	87,422	-	153,429	352,231
Fringe Benefits	228,170	30,203	-	56,235	141,732
Professional Serv	41,100	8,149	-	23,746	9,205
Supplies	42,858	9,519	-	11,013	22,326
Utilities//Telephone	75,198	12,875	-	29,724	32,599
Caualty & Liab. Ins.	180,332	3,764	-	29,415	147,153
Adv. & Promo Media	126,516	12,650		28,555	85,311
Other/Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	
Travel	-	-	-	-	
Office & Maintenance		751	-	188	(939
Dues & Membership		-	-	-	
Total Admin	1,287,256	165,333	-	332,305	789,618
OPERATIONS					
Personnel	1,610,393	150,858	-	190,808	1,268,727
Fringe Benefits	471,821	36,080	-	46,145	389,596
Contract Serv - Maint	381,784	183,300	-	242,567	(44,083
Other Serv.s/Training	17,661	3,897	-	6,670	7,094
Fuel & Lube	873,427	70,310	-	94,212	708,905
Misc./Uniforms	15,600	1,763	-	3,050	10,787
Total Ops.	3,370,686	446,208	-	583,452	2,341,020
CAPITAL					
2 - 40 Ft. Buses	1,234,251	-	-	-	1,234,25
Preventive Maint	263,525	14,668	-	14,668	234,189
Total Cap.	1,497,776	14,668	-	14,668	1,468,440
Total program	6,155,718	626,209		930,425	4,599,084
Approved Budget	6,155,718				
TI Federal Costs	626,209				
TI State Costs*	-				
TI Local Costs	2,925,648				
Budget Balance	2,603,861				

CITY OF CLEMSON CLEMSON AREA TRANSIT CUMULATIVE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

DMT Contract #				PT-3A111-18			
Contract period:				2012 - June 30,	2016		
		Section				ocal	
Actual Cost:	Total	Current	Prior Periods		Current	Prior Periods	
Performance period:	Budget	July - Jun 16	July 12 - Jun 14	SMTF*	July - Jun 15	July 12 - Jun 14	Variance
ADMINISTRATION							
Personnel	593,082	87,422	442,022	5 4 2	153,429	231,195	(320,986
Fringe Benefits	228,170	30,203	148,910	-	56,235	78,547	(85,725
Professional Serv	41,100	8,149	46,946	-	23,746	61,903	(99,644
Supplies	42,858	9,519	35,927		11,013	21,827	(35,428
Utilities//Telephone	75,198	12,875	59,952	-	29,724	51,698	(79,051
Caualty & Liab. Ins.	180,332	3,764	20,772	-	29,415	110,800	15,581
Adv. & Promo Media	126,516	12,650	109,943	-	28,555	63,392	(88,024
Other/Miscellaneous	-	751	-	-	188	61,994	(62,933
Travel	-	-	-	-	-	20,714	(20,714
Dues & Membership	-		136	-	-	15,231	(15,367
Total Admin	1,287,256	165,333	864,608	/= -	332,305	717,301	(792,291)
OPERATIONS						2 A .	
Personnel	1,610,393	150,858	435,370		190.808	1,042,647	(209,290
Fringe Benefits	471,821	36,080	100,460	-	46,145	236,335	52,801
Contract Serv - Maint	381,784	183.300	183,441	-	242,567	623,520	(851.044
Other Serv.s/Training	17,661	3.897	21,184	-	6,670	35,041	(49,131
Fuel & Lube	873,427	70,310	486,333	-	94,212	725,364	(502,792)
Misc./Uniforms	15,600	1,763	12,213	-	3,050	18,566	(19,992)
Total Ops.	3,370,686	446,208	1,239,001	-	583,452	2,681,473	(1,579,448)
CAPITAL							
2 - 40 Ft. Buses	1,234,251		995,870			203.974	34,407
Preventive Maint	263,525	14.668	232,616		14.668	58,154	(56,581)
Total Cap.	1,497,776	14,668	1,228,486	-	14,668	262,128	(22,174)
Total program	6,155,718	626,209	3,332,095	-	930,425	3,660,902	(2,393,913)
Approved Budget	6,155,718						
TI Federal Costs	3,958,304						
TI State Costs*	0,000,004						
TI Local Costs	4,591,327						
	the second second second second						

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of The City of Clemson's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health

Contents	<u>Pages</u>
<i>Financial Trends</i> These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	92-97
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors	98-101
affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	102-106
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	107-108
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	109-111
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from The	

Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year. The City implemented Statement 34 in 2004; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Schedule 1 City of Clemson Net Position by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Fiscal Year

Governmental Activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ Restricted		Ĩ																	
Unrestricted	6,21 17 6,49	6,219,941 5 176,906 6,496,742	 \$ 8,291,242 \$ 214,128 \$ 563,862 	5	8,975,544 237,353 5,782,454	\$	10, 785, 335 265, 347 5, 168, 202	35 \$ 12 12	14,364,423 150,655 5,090,063	65	12,388,670 153,006 6,096,998	69	14,340,750 155,476 6,991,316	69	13,775,958 127,012 7,311,601	s	13,639,628 103,122 1,929,754	ю	13,129,718 8,695 4,044,473
Total Governmental Activities Net Position \$	12,85	12,893,589	\$ 14,069,232	s N	14,995,351	5	16,218,884	84 \$	19,605,141	5	18,638,674	69	21,487,542	\$	21,214,571	s	15,672,504	69	17,182,886
Business-type Activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ Restricted Unrestricted	13,22 92 3,90	13,222,737 925,932 3,909,291	\$ 13,973,938 838,462 3,986,342	9 9 0 0 0	13,761,737 803,817 4,084,506	69	13,583,307 720,860 4,018,772	27 S	13,107,084 1,200,157 4,470,248	69	17,783,553 1,094,499 6,131,877	65	18,613,393 1,008,288 6,573,991	G	18,757,994 902,444 7,105,257	63	18,187,149 1,431,454 3,273,574	69	11,223,961 975,987 12,500,488
Total Business-type Activities Net Position \$	18,05	18,057,960	\$ 18,798,742	8	18,650,060	63	18,322,939	39 \$	18,777,489	63	25,009,929	\$	26, 195, 672	\$5	26,765,695	53	22,892,177	69	24,700,436
Primary Government Net Investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	19,44 1,10	19,442,678 1,102,838 10,406,033	\$ 22,265,180 1,052,590 9,550,204	8	22,740,281 1,041,170 9,866,960	69	24,368,642 986,207 9,186,974	72 \$	27,471,507 1,350,812 9,560,311	69	30,172,223 1,247,505 12,228,875	69	32,954,143 1,163,764 13,565,307	\$	32,533,952 1,029,456 14,416,858	69.	31,826,777 1,534,576 5,203,328	69	24,353,679 984,682 16,544,961
Total Primary Government Net Position	30,95	30,951,549	\$ 32,867,974	5	33,648,411	69	34,541,823	23 \$	38,382,630	6	43,648,603	s	47,683,214	s	47,980,266	69	38,564,681	63	41,883,322

Schedule 2

		<u>c107</u>	3,257,501	3,813,284	2,873,308	1,756,398	001 01
			\$				
		2014	3,286,304	3,480,770	2,526,267	3,387,372	
			5				
	0.000	5102	3,272,222	3,293,682	3,719,287	2,074,569	100 000
			\$				
	0700	7107	2,935,243	3,314,838	2,200,326	1,656,778	0000
			69				
Last Ten nting) Fiscal Year	2044	1107	2,761,322	3,235,124	2,132,326	1,647,387	FFC C
son son, La rs counti			\$				
City of Clemson Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)	0000	7010	2,692,818	3,061,726	2,260,906	1,748,027	0 770
anges (accr			69				
ម	0000	6007	2,836,335	2,960,726	2,086,131	1,778,272	110 61
			\$				
	0006	0007	2,669,850	2,857,097	2,022,930	1,249,955	000 40

2007

Expenses Governmental Activities:

2016

General Government	\$ 2,558,597	5	2,669,850	\$ 2,836,335	5	2.692.818	\$	2.761.322	69	2.935.243	~	3.272.222	5	3.286.304	5	3.257.501	64	3 545 321
Public Safety	2,540,899	•	2,857,097	2,960,726	6	3,061,726		3,235,124	115	3,314,838		3,293,682		3.480.770		3.813.284	4	1.029,537
Public Works	1,883,390	0	2,022,930	2,086,131	+	2,260,906		2,132,326		2,200,326		3,719,287		2,526,267		2,873,308	C	2.789.532
Culture and Recreation	1,008,891	-	1,249,955	1,778,272	0	1,748,027		1,647,387	0.00	1,656,778		2,074,569		3.387.372		1.756.398	~	2.353.053
Urban Redevelopment	34,016	5	31,082	13,611	+	8,773		2,214		9,762		362,661		19,977		16,188		27,665
Interest on Long-term Debt	452,246	6	438,945	387,754	-	352,448		291,601		246, 178		210,520		173,128		138,512		88,095
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	8,478,039		9,269,859	10,062,829	6	10,124,698		10,069,974	11	10,363,125	1	12,932,941	12	12,873,818	1	11,855,191	12	12,833,203
Business-type Activities:																		
Water	1,749,773		2,252,466	2,215,120	6	2,261,429		2,439,081		2,446,654		2,432,057	14	2,505,582		2,655,812	C4	2,942,016
Stormwater			•			,		•				ı.		÷		39,942	L	1,318,096
Wastewater	1,991,209	6	2,310,876	2,257,442	~	2,208,398		2,300,009		2,491,592		2,386,578	- 4	2,659,444	08	2, 739, 152	3	3,378,859
Sanitation	192,632	0	229,168	252,576	5	285,825		294,317		299,734		292,655		313,606		305,585		324,430
Transit	3,038,536	0	3,779,376	3,690,818	m	3,686,934		3,491,385		3,574,179		3,661,994	- 4	3,627,531	100	3,362,255	5	3,517,798
Parking Deck	92,298	 	97,552	102,568	-	97,435		175,947		81,991		88,427		99,252		103,637		104,227
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	7,064,448	-	8,669,438	8,518,524		8,540,021		8,700,739		8,894,150		8,861,711		9,205,415		9,206,383	11	11,585,426
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 15,542,487	1	\$ 17,939,297	\$ 18,581,353	8	18,664,719	53	18,770,713	\$ 1.	19,257,275	\$ 2	21,794,652	\$ 22	22,079,233	\$ 2	21,061,574	\$ 24	24,418,629
Program Revenues																		

Program Revenues Governmental Activities:			
Program Revenue Governmental Activ	s	ities:	
Program Reve	anu	Activ	1
Program R Governmer	eve	ital /	
	Program R	Governmen	100000 m

Charges for Services: Refuse Collection Other Public Works Parks and Recreation Other Activities Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	\$ 425,071 443,250 618,925 1,759,671 601,931 17,759	69	414,130 429,580 81,352 2,400,789 476,736 440,350	S	419,044 434,494 92,301 2,580,247 270,519 734,000	\$	443,712 459,162 111,767 2,644,133 251,184 455,162	\$	446,842 464,398 114,364 2,724,689 218,731 2,201,458	63	454,066 471,622 109,685 2,959,209 360,004 360,380	63	500,575 518,131 106,412 3,258,274 1,767,822 1,463,442	69	508,196 525,752 123,059 3,575,076 212,023 131,226	s	542,269 559,825 128,665 3,727,153 212,044 483,950	63	567,238 584,794 137,554 4,864,377 241,447 7,000
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 3,866,607	3,866,607		4,242,937		4,530,605		4,365,120		6,170,482	4	4,714,966		7,614,656		5,075,332	42	5,653,906		6,402,410
Business-type Activities: Charges for Services: Water	2,046,144		2,181,428		2,124,358		2,176,734		2,272,815	~	,432,497		2,350,277	.,	2,583,576	~	2,846,971	.,	3,147,041
Stormwater	1		٠				•		•		•						83,898		398,676
Wastewater	2,202,635		2, 180,063		2,190,405		2,503,183		2,849,556	4	1,609,065		2,557,008	~*	3,064,258	<i>د</i> ،	3,055,202		3,455,943
Sanitation	157,695		224,671		316,247		297,780		287,559		296,946		282,837		286,617		282,954		296,728
Transit	150,467		116,079		37,868		57,833		4,387		42,748		25,625		13,240		18,406		29,433
Parking Deck	80,148		88,472		93,546		74,788		80,543		86,826		85,641		87,608		93,081		115,961
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,891,904		3,311,138		3,096,441		3,283,713		3,580,810	4	4,599,791		4,262,214	- 4	3,274,439	5	3,370,683	1	3,337,491
Capital Grants and Contributions	155,620		721,636		145,000		21,614		10,580		102,558		652,438		708,600		188,258		1,775,839
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues 7,684,613	7,684,613		8,823,487		8,003,865		8,415,645		9,086,250	12	12,170,431	1	10,216,040	11	10,018,338	5	9,939,453	t	12,557,112
Total Primary Government Program Revenues \$ 11,551,220	\$ 11,551,220		\$ 13,066,424	S 1	12,534,470	s 1	12,780,765	\$ 1	15,256,732	\$ 16	16,885,397	\$ 1	17,830,696	\$ 10	\$ 15,093,670	\$ 15	15,593,359	\$ 1	18,959,522

Continued

				City of Clemson Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)	mson ition, Last Ten aars accounting)					Continued
					Fiscal Year					
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
iver (Expense)/revenue Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	\$ (4,611,432) 620,165	\$ (5,026,922) 154,049	\$ (5,532,224) (514,659)	4) \$ (5,759,578) 9) (124,376)	\$ (3,899,492) 385,511	\$ (5,648,159) 3,276,281	\$ (5,318,285) 1,354,329	\$ (7,798,486) 812,923	\$ (6,201,285) 733,070	\$ (6,430,793) 971,686
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (3,991,267)	\$ (4,872,873)	\$ (6,046,883)	3) \$ (5,883,954)	\$ (3,513,981)	\$ (2,371,878)	\$ (3,963,956)	\$ (6,985,563)	\$ (5,468,215)	\$ (5,459,107)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: General Revenues	n Net Position									
Property Taxes	\$ 3,592,878	\$ 4,044,877	\$ 4,422,204	4 \$ 4,683,648	\$ 4,878,599	\$ 5,227,080	\$ 5,557,061	\$ 4,561,423	\$ 4,861,657	\$ 5,087,678
Local Accommodations Tax	139,593	148,489	1,01+,0+0		206,726	226,527	223,138	253,995	268,879	278,432
Intergovernmental	642,409	679,677	654,347	4,5	649,341	470,878	493,901	553,667	593,817	769,248
Unrestricted Investment Earnings Other	523,332 268 377	333,429	195,704 291.376	4 168,538 6 249 294	367.097	428 762	106,034	130,774	119,305	151,035 884 951
Loss on Disposal of Assets		-			(12.035)	-	-			100100
Transfers	894,538	(399,223)	(255,164)		22,604	(2,892,212)	254,538	311,538	259,038	(767,205)
Total Governmental Activities	7,066,585	6,202,565	6,461,343	3 6,980,111	7,285,749	4,681,692	8,167,153	7,525,515	7,837,054	7,941,175
Business-type Activities:										
investment Earnings Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	250.000	-		3 99,442 	91,043	10,1/4	54,994	68,038 -	51,767	09,308 -
Transfers	(894,538)	399,223	255,164	4 (302,187)	(22,604)	2,892,212	(254,538)	(311,538)	(259,038)	767,205
Total Business-type Activities	(430,724)	586,733	365,977	7 (202,745)	69,039	2,968,386	(199,544)	(242,900)	(207,271)	836,573
Total Primary Government	\$ 6,635,861	\$ 6,789,298	\$ 6,827,320	0 \$ 6,777,366	\$ 7,354,788	\$ 7,650,078	\$ 7,967,609	\$ 7,282,615	\$ 7,629,783	8,777,748
Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	\$ 2,455,153 189,441	\$ 1,175,643 740,782	\$ 929,119 (148,682)	9 \$ 1,220,533 2) (327,121)	\$ 3,386,257 454,550	\$ (966,467) 6.244,667	\$ 2,848,868 1,154,785	\$ (272,971) 570,023	\$ 1,635,769 525,799	1,510,382 1,808,259
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,644,594	\$ 1,916,425	\$ 780,437	\$	\$ 3	\$ 5,278,200	\$ 4,003,653	\$ 297,052	\$ 2,161,568	\$ 3,318,641

Schedule 3 City of Clemson Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

General Fund Nonspendable Committed Assigned Unassigned	69	- 90,500 2,687,519	s	- - 203,045 2,606,828	69.	- 3,000 2,814,699	69	- 38,128 105,645 2,746,243	\$	34,939 41,209 2,644,280	\$	- 89,126 28,850 2,883,627	69	144,227 1,785 2,825,543	69	- 201,256 55,377 3,502,784	69	- 263,538 259,418 4,154,750	69	331,746 82,362 5,195,722
Total General Fund	69	2,778,019	\$	2,809,873	63	2,817,699	69	2,890,016	\$	2,720,428	69	3,001,603	63	2.971,555	69	3.759,417	69	4,677,706	~	5,609,830
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted, Reported In:	,				,						,		1							
Special Revenue Funds Tax Increment Fund	69	2,852,293	\$	1,887,062	69	1,961,596 719.440	69	2,237,004	\$	2,625,844 414,664	\$	2,790,556 283.848	63	3,250,562	69	2,352,205 6 194	63	2,438,004	\$	4,082,195
City Hall Expansion Fund						2,449,148		296.537										-		•
Nettles Park Fund		123,880		,		,		•		,		4		0		ł		,		
Hospitality Tax Fund		•		•		,				,		,				1,412,305		1,496,655		
Capital Project Funds		2,763,767		991,027						287,211		97,396		97,003		(1.568)	_	623.276		523,341
Debt Service Fund		176,906		214,128		237,353		265,347		150,655		153,006		155,476		127,012		103,122		28,862
Assigned, Reported In:																				
Special Revenue Funds		20,553		97,000		11,100		•		121,002		581,174		271,420		122,870		246,203		164,894
Tax Increment Fund				13,821		•								24,914		•				
City Hall Expansion Fund		•				42,309		345,487												•
Nettles Park Fund		405,275		*						•		×		,		,				
Hospitality Tax Fund						,				,						5.350		114.048		•
Capital Project Funds		180,333		1,128,081		•				617,065		559,288								,
Unassigned, Reported In:																				
Transit Multi-Modal Facility Fund	pun									(51,760)		•	1	a.		,		•	1	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	6,523,007	s	6,202,443	ઝ	5,420,946	\$	4,453,518	69	4,164,681	\$	4,465,268	\$	4,917,626	63	4,024,368	ઝ	5,041,246	69	4,799,292

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Schedule 4 City of Clemson Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2007		2008		2009	2010	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
Revenues																	
	\$ 3,592,878	378 \$	4.	69		\$ 4,683,648	\$ 4,878,599	s	5,227,080	\$		69		69	4,853,112	s	5,117,389
Local Uption Sales Lax	7,000,458	RCt	G2G'/G0'L		1,014,343	991,493	1,063,281		1,119,299		1,289,819		1,2/9,399		1,330,243		1,537,036
Local Accommodations Tax	139,593	203	148,489		138,533	173,057	206,726		226,527		223, 138		253,995		268,879		278,432
Hospitality Fees	823,234	234	878,930		911,540	968,309	1,047,555		1,094,957	17	1,125,361		1,256,903		1,335,003		1,390,948
Licenses and Permits	1,566,309	309	1,565,539		1,709,230	1.676.777	1.710.186		1.910.700		2.299.077		2.446.474		2.485.464		3.519.609
Intergovernmental	1.004.678	378	1.081.210		885,289	774,304	818.149		826.389		1.734.595		790.503		805.861		1.010.695
Federal Aid	117,181	181	73,023		323.577	467.017	2.211.470		360.380		305,550				,		
State Aid	17.759	759	264,000			10.000	39,911		4.493		95.710				,		x
Charges for Services	599.252	252	591,127		613.206	680.413	675,843		673 946		714 476		736 949		778.065		815 355
Fines and Forfeitures	258.122	122 .	290 255		292.110	333.274	316 708		314,979		244.478		291 756		359,381		428.051
Investment Earnings	523.332	332	333 429		195.704	168.538	110.136		101 358		106.034		130 774		119.305		151 035
Contributions & Donations	122.481	181	178.530		450.000		-		4.000		527.128		65 413		-		-
Gain on Sale of Property	1		-		-	0.23			2025				2		10 504		109
Other Devention	C36 +36	000	110 000		010 000	246 206	120 036		000 100		300 100		002 020		10000		FUS FFF
CILIAI LEVELUES	107	700	320,241		010'607	213,390	1/0/600		304,000		231,200		212,193		330,/10		414,031
Total Revenues	10,031,629	529	10,835,175	-	11,244,746	11,142,226	13,448,435		12,168,996	4.	14,193,546	L	12,053,132	-	12,676,625		14.663.241
Expenditures																	
Seneral Government	2,127,550	550	2,204,790		2,376,389	2,454,355	2,263,785		2,403,514	14	2,525,063		2,718,450		2,672,241		2,908,878
Public Safety	2,461,131	131	2,764,753		2,732,920	2,893,005	3,148,688		3.118,552		3,129,270		3.850,549		3,549,033		3, 799, 998
Public Works	1,781,507	202	2,007,694		2,098,513	1,950,062	1,949,444		1.883.926		3, 765, 108		1,785,974		2.344,153		2,278,977
Culture and Recreation	651,509	209	745,854		856,646	872,293	1,136,068		848,754		1,136,837		1,157,581		928,100		1,367,880
Urban Redevelopment	34,016	016	31,082		13,611	8,773	2,214		9,762		362,661		19,977		16,188		27,665
Equipment Services	163,516	516	140,489		128,521	247,971	136,193		136,743		150,704		140.424		134,764		162,025
Capital Outlay Debt Service	4,297,994	994	1,958,847		2,015,519	2,530,964	3,493,631		1,650,552	199	1,312,448		53, 783		149,508		72,432
Interest	464,602	302	436,311		399,863	355.374	300.511		260,290		216.873		183.073		150.309		104.968
Principal	924,149	149	973,920		1,049,817	1,025,322	2,016,553		1,139,974	110	1,100,320		1,186,750		1,719,298		1.832,473
Fees	1,5	1,561	1,013		1,013	1,013	20,134		•		1,724		•		•		
Intergovernmental	140,897	397	175,473		329,162	297,380	231,951		191,252		403,808		1,780,527		396,415		539,185
Other	153,481	181	142,097	1111	161,759	158,013	181,292		197,953		330,958		130,978		140,487		111,385
Total Expenditures	13,201,913	913	11,582,323		12,163,733	12,794,525	14,880,464		11,841,272	1.	14,435,774		13,008,066		12.200.496		13,205,866
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,170,284)	(84)	(747,148)		(918,987)	(1,652,299)	(1,432,029)		327.724		(242,228)		(954.934)		476.129		1,457,375
State of the second sec																	

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Continued

Continued

Schedule 4 City of Clemson Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2007		2008	2009		2010		2011	and so all	2012	2013		2014		2015		2015
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																	
Lease Purchase Agreements \$ General Obligation Bonds	355,000	\$	135,000	\$ 	69	455,000	s	951,000	\$		\$ 410,000	\$ 000	178,000	\$	-	65	
Tax Increment Bonds				,											ana ina in		
Transfers In	2,046,491		1,559,591	3,972,567		1,490,295		2,947,203		2,246,399	1,497,586	586	1,583,346	15	1,932,982		2,275,290
Transfers Out	(1,151,953)		(1, 236, 153)	(3,827,251)		(1,188,107)		(2.924,599)	0	1.992,361)	(1,243,048)	748)	(1,271,808)	(2	(1,673,944)		(3,042,495)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,249,538		458,438	145,316		757,188		973,604		254,038	664,538	538	849,538		1,459,038		(767,205)
Net Change In Fund Balances	(1,920,746)	s	(288,710)	\$ (773,671)	69	(895,111)	63	(458,425)	\$	581,762	\$ 422,310	810 \$	(105,396)	\$ (1,935,167	53	690,170
Debt Service As a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	16.7%		15.8%	15.2%		14.6%		22.3%	2005.02	14.0%	11.5%		11.3%		15.6%		14,9%

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value ^(b)	Total Direct Tax Rate ^(a)	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2007	37,736,666	4,076,916	41,813,582	77.90	822,681,920	5.08%
2008	37,527,471	4,041,902	41,569,373	79.50	817,914,453	5.08%
2009	42,741,623	3,808,547	46,550,170	81.00	918,308,243	5.07%
2010	43,858,444	3,319,726	47,178,170	81.00	932,497,647	5.06%
2011	48,677,448	3,161,465	51,838,913	78.60	1,026,240,043	5.05%
2012	48,964,038	3,386,351	52,350,389	83.34	1,035,719,943	5.05%
2013	49,157,941	3,819,936	52,977,877	83.34	1,046,824,420	5.06%
2014	49,944,239	4,244,018	54,188,257	83.34	1,069,618,413	5.07%
2015	51,754,304	4,490,780	56,245,084	82.20	1,109,932,413	5.07%
2016	54,187,667	4,751,340	58,939,007	84.20	1,162,942,340	5.07%

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Clemson

Schedule 5

Source: Pickens County Auditor's Office

Notes: (a) Per \$1,000 assessed value

^(b) Total taxable assessed values include Tax Increment Finance District base assesment only. Schedule 6 City of Clemson Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate presented as actual millage)

	City Dire	City Direct Rates		Overlapping Rates	ng Rates
Basic Rate	General Obligation Debt Service	Special Revenue Rate	Total Direct Rate	Pickens County School District	Pickens County
30	4.11	0.49	77.90	137.10	60.50
90	4.11	0.49	79.50	176.10	61.50
80	3.71	0.49	81.00	174.10	61.50
.80	3.71	0.49	81.00	168.10	61.50
.53	3.60	0.47	78.60	168.50	59.00
96	1.90	0.48	83.34	170.50	59.00
.96	1.90	0.48	83.34	169.00	59.00
).96	1.90	0.48	83.34	169.00	59.00
79.80	1.90	0.50	82.20	174.10	61.30
1.80	1.90	0.50	84.20	173.40	61.30

Source of Overlapping Rates: Pickens County

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Schedule 7 City of Clemson Principal Property Taxpayers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	201	6			200	7
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Breckenridge Group, Clemson SC	\$ 1,630,650	2.77%	Bellsouth Telecommunications	\$	839,740	2.01%
Ibrahim Family Trust, LLC	1,548,440	2.63%	Tiger Towne Village, LLC		514,320	1.23%
Duke Energy Croporation	1,277,830	2.17%	Clemson Area Retirement Center, Inc.		486,420	1.16%
Cellco Partnership, DBA Verizon	893,310	1.52%	Tristate SC One, Limited Partnership		343, 120	0.82%
CEV Berkeley, LP	744,690	1.26%	Tiger Park Condominiums, LLC		285,760	0.68%
Bellsouth Telecommunications	612,880	1.04%	Heritage Pointe, LLC		264,700	0.63%
Lowes Home Center, Inc.	595,540	1.01%	GDG Investments, LLC		234,460	0.56%
Gateway Tiger (123), LLC	521,080	0.88%	Ingles Markets, Inc.		227,800	0.54%
CEV Clemson, LP	517,920	0.88%	Property Unlimited		205,720	0.49%
Blue Atlantic Clemson, LLC	 474,760	0.81%	Nirman Enterprises Associates	-	194,510	0.47%
Total	\$ 8,817,100	14.97%		\$	3,596,550	8.59%

Source: Pickens County Auditor's Office

Schedule 8 City of Clemson Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years

97.62% 96.83% 92.53% 92.99% 91.46% 92.04% 92.07% Percentage of 93.57% 99.06% 93.80% Levy **Collections to Date** Estimated Tax 2,247,015 2,645,456 2,241,404 2,565,607 3,111,916 3,016,144 3,086,468 3, 196, 110 3,511,037 2,651,577 Estimated Amount 227,418 21,410 86,711 182,294 54,731 205,855 288,143 276,433 207,044 302,611 Receivable June 30 108.34% 99.36% 98.43% 98.28% Percentage of 104.64% 102.77% 98.63% 103.10% 101.12% 110.60% Levy Fiscal Year of the Levy **Collected Within the** 3,328,212 2,338,708 2,487,570 2,762,699 2,901,164 3,134,190 3,296,380 3,333,308 3,412,869 3,753,777 Amount 2,268,425 2,296,135 2,732,167 2,772,651 3,243,562 3,374,611 3,472,543 3,813,648 2,833,871 3,317,771 Taxes Levied For the Fiscal Year June 30, Fiscal Ended Year 2013 2016 2010 2012 2015 2008 2009 2014 2007 2011

Source: Pickens County Office of Finance

Schedule 9 City of Clemson Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Govern	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	ctivities			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Tax Increment Financing Bonds	Capital Leases	Water Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ^(a)	Per Capita ^(a)
2007	1,160,000	6,640,120	2,270,829	4,537,319	702,606	15,310,874	6.65%	1,282
2008	1,040,000	6,116,718	2,075,430	4,485,925	431,899	14,149,972	6.15%	1,185
2009	915,000	5,574,391	1,692,940	4,287,772	392,217	12,862,320	4.21%	989
2010	780,000	5,002,851	1,829,158	4,329,517	365,184	12,306,710	4.02%	947
2011	500,000	4,401,934	1,644,523	4,431,925	232,084	11,210,466	3.39%	806
2012	404,000	3,771,084	1,231,396	4,189,912	94,782	9,691,174	2.83%	695
2013	306,000	3,114,960	1,295,201	3,938,721	22,735	8,677,617	2.67%	616
2014	536,000	2,423,347	1,108,333	3,684,465	1	7,752,145	2.34%	543
2015	1,204,000	1,700,253	643,861	4,708,340	,	8,256,454	2.36%	548
2016	602,000	945,936	167,706	6,616,961	I	8,332,603	2.28%	539

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Notes:

^(a) See Schedule 14 for personal income and population data.

Schedule 10 City of Clemson Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property ^(a) Per Capita ^(b)	0.12% 82.34			39.58						
Percei Actual Val Net Prop	983,094 0.									
Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	176,906	214,128	237,353	265,347	150,655	153,006	155,476	127,012	103,122	28,862
General Obligation Bonds	1,160,000	1,040,000	915,000	780,000	500,000	404,000	306,000	536,000	1,204,000	602,000
Fiscal Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016

Notes: (a) See Schedule 5 for actual taxable value of property

(b) See Schedule 14 for personal income and population

Schedule 11 City of Clemson Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2016

ebt anding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Sh	Estimated are of Direct and verlapping Debt
,602,000	12.14%	\$	30,896,543
,300,924	13.94%		1,017,749
211,414	13.94%		29,471
3,226,821	13.94%		449,819
8,005,236	13.94%		1,115,930
			33,509,512
			1,715,642
		\$	35,225,154
			\$

Source: Pickens County and Pickens County School District

Notes: The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of Pickens County and Pickens County School District taxable assessed value that is within the City's corporate boundaries. Schedule 12 City of Clemson Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Dobt 1 foot	6	2007	6	2008	6	2009	6	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
1001 Line	9	100,010,0	9	0,000,020,0	9	3,1 64,014	9	9114,204	Ð	4,141,113		4,100,031		4,238,230	A	4,330,000	0	4,439,607	9	4, /15, 12
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	-1	983,094	24	825,872	1	677,647	1	514,653		349,345		250,994		50,524		408,988		1,100,878		573,138
Legal Debt Margin	s	\$ 2,361,993	69	\$ 2,499,678	53	3,046,367	69	3,259,601	69	3,797,768	5	3,937,037	63	4,187,706	69	3,926,072	69	3,398,729	69	4,141,983
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit		29.39%		24.83%		18.20%		13.64%		8.42%		5.99%		1.19%		9.43%		24.47%		12.16%

Assessed Value	\$ 58,939,007
Debt Limit (8% of assessed value) Debt Applicable to Limit:	4,715,121
General Obligation Bonds Less: Amount Set Aside for Performent of Connect	602,000
Obligation Debt	28,862
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	573,138
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 4,141,983

Note: Under state finance law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt must not exceed 8 percent of total assessed property value. The general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repayment of general obligation bonds.

out Bonds No. S. 210,34 S. 213,45 S. 210,34 S. 213,45 S. 210,34 S. 210,34 <ths. 21<="" th=""><th></th><th>2007</th><th></th><th>2008</th><th>2009</th><th><u>2010</u></th><th>2011</th><th>2012</th><th>2013</th><th>2014</th><th><u>2015</u></th><th></th><th>2016</th></ths.>		2007		2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011	2012	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>		2016
5 22.078H 5 2.166,443 5 2.2411340 5 2.260,744 5 2.261,744 5 2.261,744 5 2.220,173 5 2.261,744 5 2.261,759 5 2.261,759 5 2.261,759 5 2.261,759 5 2.261,759 5 2.261,759 5 2.261,759 5 2.261,759 5 2.261,759 5 2.266,766 5 2.261,759 2.266,766 2.262,768 2.266,766 2.266,566 6 2.266,566 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.733 7.753 9.265,767 5.265,760 5.273,718 5.265,760 5.273,218 5.265,600 7.753 7.753 7.256 7.750 7.750 7.750 7.750 7.750 7.750 7.750 7.750 7.750 7.750 7.750 7.750 7.750 7.750 </td <td>Water Revenue Bonds</td> <td></td>	Water Revenue Bonds												
90.602 93,153 71,445 97,418 105,056 112,541 115,248 117,363 71,343 77,343 77,343 77,343 77,343 70,73 92,244 97,115 94,701 92,225 81,266 75,935 73,353 265 73,333 265 73,333 265 73,333 265,500 73,353 265,500 73,576 295,500 73,576 295,500 73,576 265,500 75,729 295,500 73,54 73,576 265,500 75,576 265,500 73,566 71,547 2,543,500 105,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 17,488 1,383,500 57,576 2,955,600 75,356 2,335,766 2,335,766 7,55 2,233,477 2,243,469 7,55 10,09 7,03 10,09 7,03 10,09 7,03 10,09 7,03 10,09 10,09 10,09 10,09 10,09 10,09 10,09 10,09 10,09 10,09 10,09 10,09 10,09 10,09		2,059,097 1,555,486 503,611				2,165,443 1,939,959 225,484	20			\$ 2,510,704 2,166,389 344,315	\$ 2,821,837 \$ 2,319,594 502,243		3,065,833 2,590,166 475,667
2,195,198 2,176,696 2,452,746 2,838,828 4,386,262 2,513,772 2,727,218 2,995,660 1,275,720 1,387,071 1,783,038 1,558,048 2,356,170 2,213,442 2,295,560 1,275,720 1,387,071 1,783,038 1,558,048 2,028,092 1,333,772 2,213,442 2,293,500 5,213,542 2,293,500 5,213,542 2,233,563 5,233,563 5,335,56 5,335,56 5,335,56 5,335,56 5,335,56 7,327,218 2,956,00 7,52 105,000 105,000 177,498 18,450 138,500 139,468 7,53 3,545 2,335,61 3,04,782 2,94,849 303,784 2,84,50 7,30 192,441 23,456 7,496 11,68 2,336 2,346 7,39 192,441 2,4,545 70,460 2,34,456 303,784 288,175 282,567 286,00 192,441 2,4,545 70,460 2,34,567 2,495,74 2,345,759 2,460 7,24 192,44	Debt Service Principal Interest Coverage	66,791 76,332 3.52		90,602 99,244 1.36	93,153 97,115 1.18	71,445 94,701 1.36	97,418 92,225 0.70	105,056 81,266 1.57	112,691 75,935 1.05	115,248 73,363 1.83	117,863 70,733 2.66		120,537 80,858 2.36
2578 2,176,196 2,452,746 2,338,828 4,366,262 2,513,772 2,727,218 2,956,560 7446 1,867,071 1,769,366 1,568,046 2,358,170 2,353,772 2,213,642 2,956,560 750 105,000 105,000 105,000 177,498 184,500 139,008 78,233 5,000 105,000 105,000 177,498 184,968 118,500 139,008 78,233 5,000 105,000 105,000 177,498 184,500 139,008 78,23 5,547 1,99 7,727 16,172 16,172 16,192 177,498 184,500 17,33 5,547 16,172 16,172 16,182 16,182 16,182 75,33 5,546 17,025 11,168 12,244 288,175 282,567 75,34 5,4210 2,345 3,437,739 3,467 283,175 282,567 75,364 5,4210 2,4345 24,345 24,345 24,316 230,2610 12,	Wastewater Revenue Bonds a	nd Capital Leases	60										
500 105,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 177,498 18,456 17,025 13,008 78,28 5,40 10,09 5,47 1,99 5,47 4,98 14,657 10,600 177,498 14,658 10,09 78,28 3,46 7,5 5,482 2,33,563 3,23,910 304,782 2,94,849 303,784 2,86,175 2,95,67 2,86,00 5,486 192,441 2,24,545 2,34,356 7,0460 5,1,393 24,316 2,306,161 273,04 12,56	Utility Service Charges Less: Operating Expenses Net Available Revenue	2,132,578 1,594,632 537,946	(1 [-	2,195,198 1,919,478 275,720	2,176,696 1,887,071 289,625	2,452,746 1,789,368 663,378	2,838,828 1,858,048 980,780	4,386,262 2,028,092 2,358,170	2,513,772 1,933,792 579,980	2,727,218 2,213,642 513,576	2,955,606 2,293,004 662,602	00	2,979,417 2,844,205 135,212
8,482 233,563 323,910 304,782 294,849 303,784 288,175 292,567 266,00 0,586 192,441 224,545 234,322 243,456 243,456 243,456 243,574 263,859 290,261 273,04 7,896 41,122 99,365 70,460 51,393 54,210 24,316 2,306 12,96 7,896 41,122 99,365 70,460 51,393 54,210 24,316 2,306 12,96 - - - 20,106 20,733 21,379 24,316 2,734 - - - 37,60 3,07 2,24 2,37 1,36 2,734 - - - 37,60 3,07 2,37 2,37 1,36 2,734 - - - - 3,76 2,37 2,37 1,36 2,734 - - - - - 2,643 3,07 2,36 1,36 2,734 - - - - - 2,37 1,36 2,39	Debt Service Principal Interest Coverage	105,000 46,504 3.55		105,000 33,546 1.99	105,000 16,572 2.38	105,000 16,182 5.47	177,498 19,556 4.98	184,958 17,025 11.68	188,500 12,735 2.88	139,008 9,540 3.46	78,283 10,097 7.50		125,500 41,292 0.81
es 166,482 233,563 323,910 304,782 294,849 303,784 288,175 292,567 286,00 enses 150,586 192,441 224,545 234,322 243,456 249,574 263,859 290,261 273,04 enses 17,896 41,122 99,365 70,460 51,393 54,210 24,316 2,306 12,96 - 2,643 2,0,106 20,733 21,379 22,734 2,306 12,96 - 3,07 2,139 1,536 853 148 - 2,643 2,199 1,536 853 148 - 2,643 2,199 1,536 853 148 - 2,643 3,07,098 3,437,739 3,03,435 3,037,08 enses 2,279,350 3,010,710 2,993,888 3,113,133 3,077,098 3,437,739 3,103,435 3,023,610 2,741,14 enses 2,279,350 3,010,710 2,993,888 3,113,133 3,077,098 3,437,739 3,103,435 3,023,610 2,741,14 enses 2,279,350 3,010,710 146,632 151,927 65,367 17,24,817 1,194,765 8,17,270 655,97 ue 2,092,21 270,707 146,632 151,927 65,367 67,933	Commercial Sanitation Capital	Leases											
- - 20,106 20,733 21,379 22,047 22,734 27,34 - - - 2,643 2,842 2,199 1,556 853 146 - - - - - - 2,842 2,199 1,556 853 146 - - - - - - - 2,842 2,199 1,556 853 146 - <td>Utility Service Charges Less: Operating Expenses Net Available Revenue</td> <td>168,482 150,586 17,896</td> <td></td> <td>233,563 192,441 41,122</td> <td>323,910 224,545 99,365</td> <td>304,782 234,322 70,460</td> <td>294,849 243,456 51,393</td> <td>303,784 249,574 54,210</td> <td>288,175 263,859 24,316</td> <td>292,567 290,261 2,306</td> <td>286,009 273,044 12,965</td> <td></td> <td>299,375 280,803 18,572</td>	Utility Service Charges Less: Operating Expenses Net Available Revenue	168,482 150,586 17,896		233,563 192,441 41,122	323,910 224,545 99,365	304,782 234,322 70,460	294,849 243,456 51,393	303,784 249,574 54,210	288,175 263,859 24,316	292,567 290,261 2,306	286,009 273,044 12,965		299,375 280,803 18,572
3,082,395 3,478,832 3,161,802 3,367,597 3,543,096 4,662,556 4,298,200 3,839,880 enses 2,273,350 3,010,710 2,993,888 3,113,133 3,077,098 3,437,739 3,103,435 3,022,610 ue 803,045 468,122 167,914 254,464 465,998 1,224,817 1,194,765 817,270 249,271 270,707 146,682 151,927 65,367 67,923 - - 30,992 22,127 13,570 8,240 3,494 871 - - 2,49,271 270,707 146,682 151,927 65,367 67,923 - - 2,092 2,2,127 13,570 8,240 3,494 871 - - 2,092 2,157 1,565 6,5367 6,5367 67,923 - - - 2,092 1,505 6,5367 6,7923 - - - - 2,092 1,50 6,777 1,780	Dent Service Principal Interest Coverage	111			- 2,643 37.60	20,106 2,842 3.07	20,733 2,199 2.24	21,379 1,536 2.37	22,047 853 1.06	22,734 148 0.10			
3.082.395 3.478,832 3.161,802 3.367,597 3.543,096 4,662,556 4.298,200 3,839,880 xpenses 2.279,350 3,010,710 2,993,888 3,113,133 3.077,098 3,437,739 3,103,435 3,022,610 snue 803,045 468,122 167,914 254,464 465,998 1,224,817 1,194,765 817,270 249,271 270,707 146,682 151,927 65,367 67,923 - - 249,271 270,707 146,682 151,927 65,367 67,923 - - 30,992 22,127 13,570 8,494 67,923 - - - 249,271 270,707 146,682 151,927 65,367 67,923 - - - 230,992 22,127 13,570 8,740 3,494 67,923 - - - 237 1,60 1,05 1,59 6,77 17,80 - - -	Transit Capital Leases									8			
249,271 270,707 146,682 151,927 65,367 67,923	Contract Services Less: Operating Expenses Net Available Revenue	3,082,395 2,279,350 803,045	07.03	3,478,832 3,010,710 468,122	3,161,802 2,993,888 167,914	3,367,597 3,113,133 254,464	3,543,096 3,077,098 465,998	4,662,556 3,437,739 1,224,817	4,298,200 3,103,435 1,194,765	3,839,880 3,022,610 817,270	3,397,119 2,741,145 655,974	0,00	3,790,776 2,851,184 939,592
	Principal Interest Coverage	249,271 30,992 2.87		270,707 22,127 1.60	146,682 13,570 1.05	151,927 8,240 1.59	65,367 3,494 6.77	67,923 871 17.80					

Schedule 13 City of Clemson Pledged-Revenue Coverage, Last Ten Fiscal Years Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

Schedule 14 City of Clemson Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate	
2007	11,939	230,088,408	19,272	5.5%	
2008	11,939	230,088,408	19,272	7.1%	
2009	13,002	305,859,048	23,524	9.8%	
2010	13,002	305,859,048	23,524	11.0%	
2011	13,905	330,772,140	23,788	8.1%	
2012	13,946	342,820,572	24,582	8.0%	
2013	14,089	324,399,225	23,025	8.0%	
2014	14,276	331,702,860	23,235	5.2%	
2015	15,072	350,197,920	23,235	5.2%	
2016	15,466	364,842,940	23,590	4.2%	

Schedule 15 City of Clemson Principal Employers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2	016	20	07
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
Clemson University ^(a)	5,219	33.740%	9,178	77.000%
City of Clemson	340	2.200%	355	3.000%
Ingles Markets	159	1.030%	86	0.720%
Publix	125	0.810%	Not Established	
Clemson Elementary School	104	0.670%	88	0.740%
Bi-Lo Supermarket	85	0.550%	120	1.050%
Wal-Mart Neighborhood Store	75	0.480%	Not Established	
Trehel Corporation	60	0.390%	137	1.140%
Ruby Tuesday	51	0.330%	165	1.380%
McAlister's Deli	31	0.200%	Not Established	
Total	6,249	40.400%	10,129	85.030%

Notes: ^(a) Clemson University is technically not within the City's corporate boundaries. However, its impact is substantial, thus its employment base has been included as a principal employer.

Schedule 16 City of Clemson Full-time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

General GovernmentCouncilCouncilMunicipal CourtAdministrationFinanceFinanceInformation TechnologyPlanning & CodesPanning & CodesPanning & CodesPoliceOfficersCommercial SanitationCommercial SanitationCommercial SanitationCommercial SanitationCommercial SanitationCommercial SanitationStreetsPublic Works AdministrationStreetsEquipment ServicesEquipment ServicesConterConterConterStreetsUtility BillingMasterUtility BillingMasterCollocritionConter </th <th>6688 27 1338651 6682 27133651</th> <th>٢</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	6688 27 1338651 6682 27133651	٢						
ouncil tunicipal Court dministration tunicipal Court dministration dministration formation Technology 1 difformation Technology 1 danning & Codes 3 ublic Buildings 2 decommunicators 2 decommunicators 2 decommunicators 2 decommunicators 2 decommencial Sanitation 2 decreation 6 defined a definit y Billing 6 decreation 6 deter Collection 7 deter 7 det		1						
Iunicipal Court dministration dministration formation Technology 1 formation Technology 1 formation & Codes 3 ublic Buildings 2 fificers 26 elecommunicators 3 elecommunicators 3 elecommunicators 26 elecommunicators 3 ther 2 public Works Administration 2 public Works Administration 3 quipment Services 3 ngineering 6 fater 6 dater Colloction 6 fater 1 dater Colloction 7 fater 1 dater 1					0	0	0	0
dministration inance 3 formation Technology 1 lanning & Codes 3 lanning & Codes 2 lanning & Codes 2 lifficers 26 elecommunicators 5 elecommunicators 26 elecommunicators 2 elecommunicators 3 minerial Sanitation 14 esidential Sanitation 2 minerial Sanitation 2 minerial Sanitation 2 evidential Sanitation 2 minerial Sanitation 2 minerial Sanitation 3 dublic Works Administration 3 minering 6 for the filling 6 dater Collection 5 for the filling 5		4			4	4	4	5
inance 3 formation Technology 1 lanning & Codes 8 ublic Buildings 22 ifficers 26 elecommunicators 5 elecommunicators 26 elecommunicators 26 elecommunicators 2 ither 3 evidential Sanitation 14 evidential Sanitation 2 meets 6 meets 6 freets 6 infire Works Administration 3 guipmeering 3 ngineering 6 ecreation 6 dater 7 dater 10 clastwater Colloction 7 dater 10 dater 10 dat		7			80	7	7	00
Iformation Technology 1 lanning & Codes 8 ublic Buildings 22 ifficers 26 elecommunicators 5 ther Collection 14 esidential Sanitation 2 public Works Administration 2 public Works Administration 3 dublic Works Administration 3 dupment Services 6 dupment Services 3 ngineering 6 dupment Services 3 ngineering 6 dupment Services 6 dupment Services 6 dupment Services 5 ngineering 6 dater Chinerico 6 dater Chinerico 5 dater Chinerico 7		3			3	ŝ	<i>თ</i>	3
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ublic Buildings 2 ifficers 26 elecommunicators 5 ther 28 e Collection 14 e Collection 14 ommercial Sanitation 2 public Works Administration 3 treets 6 ublic Works Administration 3 aublic Works Administration 6 etreets 6 infiment Services 3 aduptment Services 5 ngineering 6 ecreation 6 dater 7 cater 7 cater 2 cater 2		8			80	8	10	11
fficers 26 elecommunicators 26 ther 3 ther 3 e Collection 14 esidential Sanitation 14 ommercial Sanitation 2 Public Works Administration 2 treets 6 dublic Works Administration 3 ngineering 3 ngineering 6 duption 6 dublic Works Administration 3 treets 6 dublic Works Administration 6 dublic Works Administration 6 dublic Works Administration 3 dublic Works Administration 6 dublic Works Administration 6 dublic Works 4 dublic Works Administration 6 dublic Works 7 dublic Works 6 dublic Works 7 dublic W		2	2		2	2	2	2
fficers 26 elecommunicators 5 ther 3 e Collection 14 esidential Sanitation 14 ommercial Sanitation 2 Public Works Aministration 2 treets 6 dublic Works Administration 3 ngineering 3 ngineering 6 dupment Services 3 ngineering 6 dupment Services 6 dupment Services 7 ngineering 6 dater 7 dater 7 dater 7 dater 10 dater 1								
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ther 3 e Collection 3 esidential Sanitation 14 ommercial Sanitation 2 Public Works Aministration 2 treets 6 ublic Works Administration 3 quipment Services 2 ngineering 3 dupment Services 3 ngineering 6 duptering 6 creation 6 dater 7 dater 7 dater Collection 7 dater Collection 7		9			9	9	9	7
e Collection esidential Sanitation ommercial Sanitation Public Works treets ublic Works Administration apuipment Services ngineering ecreation ecreation fater cater cater fater fater faster f		ი			6	5	5	
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ommercial Sanitation 2 Public Works treets 6 ublic Works Administration 3 quipment Services 2 ngineering 3 ecreation 6 ecreation 6 titity Billing 5 faster Collection 7		12			14	14	14	14
Public Works treets 6 ublic Works Administration 3 quipment Services 2 ngineering 3 ecreation 6 titity Billing 5 dater Collection 5 dater Collection 7		0			0	2	2	2
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ngineering 3 ecreation 6 tility Billing 5 castemater Collection 7		2			2	2	2	2
ecreation 6 (ater 7 tility Billing 5 (astewater Collection 7		2			2	5	5	5
ition 6 3illing 5 water Cottection 7								
7 3illing 5 water Collection 7	7 7	8			7	7	7	8
Collection 5		7			7	7	7	7
Wastawatar Collaction 7 7 7		7			7	7	7	2
		7			7	9	9	. ~
Wastewater Treatment 4 4		4			4	4	4	4
Transit Administration 6 6		9			6	6	9	9
Transit Operations 12 13		11			13	13	13	14
Horticulture 3 3		e			e	2	2	2
Stormwater 0 0	İ	0	1	i	0	0	0	
Total 140 146	増加	140	142	142	145	144	147	157

Source: The City's Office of Human Resources

Schedule 17 City of Clemson Operating Indicators by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	FY 06-07	FY 07-08	FY 08-09	FY 09-10	FY 10-11	FY 11-12	FY 12-13	FY 13-14	FY 14-15	FY 15-16
Function/Program								-		
General Government										
Building Permits Issued	616	512	410	195	465	594	1,224	902	1,029	1,156
Building Inspections Conducted	2,084	1,246	786	967	1,053	1,716	2,843	3,059	2,800	2,967
Police										
Parking Violations	2,201	4,207	3,113	3,970	3,612	4,586	5,010	6,135	6,566	6,708
Traffic Violations	4,833	5,430	4,687	8,173	7,267	6,075	5,175	8,096	8,799	8,547
Fire										
Inspections	2,769	2,126	2,106	2,932	3,207	2,134	1,415	1,128	1,197	1,128
Refuse Collection										
Refuse Collected (lbs)	10,983,442	11,599,320	11,348,554	58,494,982	9,997,000	9,789,537	5,379,355	5,427,081	5,741,730	5,661,088
Recyclables Collected (lbs)	1,369,296	1,427,760	1,521,644	1,662,024	1,424,360	1,463,920	818,448	1,403,343	1,376,040	1,402,629
Other Public Works										
Street Resurfacing (miles)	4.62	4.45	0.00	2.10	2.90	3.30	3.28	0.71	0.71	0.25
Water										
New Taps	62	26	49	29	208	147	260	117	102	165
Water Main Breaks	170	179	161	229	200	193	207	207	207	331
Average Daily Consumption	1,736,000	1,892,000	1,829,000	1,869,000	1,910,000	1,932,000	1,599,000	1,805,000	1,876,000	1,874,000
Peak Daily Consumption	2,880,000	2,581,000	2,480,000	2,480,000	2,481,111	2,381,000	2,260,000	2,707,000	2,604,000	2,623,000
Wastewater										
Average Daily Sewage Treatment	1,140,000	1,440,000	1,450,000	1,450,000	1,450,000	1,440,000	1,910,000	1,810,000	1,750,000	1,660,000
Iransit										
Total Route Miles	831,996	852,930	727,946	725,487	676,374	517,056	699,790	665,555	582,678	588,628
Passengers	1,771,346	1,877,448	1,613,403	1,609,349	1,622,498	1,504,570	1,849,064	1,824,053	1,742,463	1,751,378

Source : Various City Departments

Schedule 18 City of Clemson Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	FY 06-07	FY 07-08	FY 08-09	<u>FY 09-10</u>	FY 10-11	<u>FY 11-12</u>	FY 12-13	FY 13-14	FY 14-15	FY 15-16
Function/Program										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Uniform Patrol Units	18	18	18	18	18	18	19	20	20	20
Collection Trucks		ų	L	u	L	L	L	L	L	¢
Other Public Works	4	0	n	ŋ	S	Q	Q	Q	9	9
Streets (miles)	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	69
Streetlights	969	696	696	696	696	696	696	696	732	731
Traffic Signals	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	102	102	102
Playgrounds	7	2	2	7	7	7	2	7	7	~
Soccer Fields	1	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	6
Recreation Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Water Mains (miles)	100	101.5	101.5	108	109.2	109.5	111.4	112	112.8	113.2
Fire Hydrants	412	439	439	479	480	480	496	500	508	512
Wastewater										
Sewer Mains Gravity (miles)	64	64	65	65.3	65.3	103.7	105.1	105.6	106.2	106.8
Sewer Mains Force (miles)	9	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Treatment Capacity (millions of gallons)	3.15	3.15	3.15	3.15	3.15	3.15	3.15	3.15	3.15	3.15
Otormundor Linno (milon)	r	1	1	1	r	,	LC T	i c	1	
Stormwater Lines (miles) Transit	~	1	~	1	~	1	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25
Buses	26	26	26	26	26	23	26	26	23	25

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Source: Various City Departments

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor /Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	ral A ber	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Total Expenditures
US Department of Transportation Passed Through SC Dept. of Transportation, Office of Public Transit Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas: Public Transportation AssistanceTransit Fund	Transit *** 20.509	60	PT-3A111-18	\$ 626,208
Federal Transit-Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)	20.507	07	SC-90-X290-00	713,797
Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Grant (Bus Program) *	*** 20.526	26	SC-2016-004-00	277,000
Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Grant (Bus Program) *	*** 20.526	26	SC-2016-006-00	128,000
Passed Through SC Dept. of Transportation, Office of Public Transit Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	ransit 20.205	05	P029903	48,024
Total Federal Assistance Expended				\$ 1,853,029

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Clemson and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB's Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts are presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

*** Major Program

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Clemson, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clemson, South Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Clemson's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Clemson's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Clemson's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Clemson's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Clemson's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stancil Cooley Estep & Stamey, LLP

Clemson, South Carolina January 16, 2017



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the City Council City of Clemson, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Clemson's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Clemson's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The City of Clemson's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Clemson's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements. Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Clemson's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Clemson's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Clemson complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Clemson is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Clemson's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Clemson's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stancil Cooley Estep & Stamey, LLP

Clemson, South Carolina January 16, 2017

CITY OF CLEMSON

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the City of Clemson.

No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the "Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards".

No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the City of Clemson were disclosed during the audit.

No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the "Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Required by the Uniform Guidance".

The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the City of Clemson expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.

There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133 reported in this Schedule.

The following programs were tested as major programs:

- Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas: Public Transportation Assistance, Grant # PT-3A111-18, CFDA # 20.509
- Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Grant (Bus Program), Grant # SC-2016-004-00, CFDA # 20.526
- Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Grant (Bus Program), Grant # SC 2016-006-00, CFDA # 20.526

The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.

The City of Clemson did not qualify to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT NONE

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS.....MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT.....NONE

CITY OF CLEMSON

SCHEDULE OF SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

No Prior Year Audit Findings